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TUESDAY, DECEMBER 1, 1959

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3-Power Accord On Outline Of A-Test Control

GENEVA.—Delegates from the U.S., Britain and Russia yesterday took another important step on the road towards a treaty banning nuclear weapon test explosions.

They adopted by the nuclear conference since it started here on October 31 last year.

The annex provides that the preparatory commission shall have two phases — the first with the three powers as sole members and the second, after ratification, with seven members.

In the first phase the commission will undertake preliminary work on the location, installation and equipment of control posts. In the second stage the enlarged commission will exercise the same powers as the seven-nation control commission, which will be set up to police the ban on nuclear weapons tests.

The three-power group would start to standardize equipment and procedure for 180 control posts throughout the world, examine possible post sites, order geological and topological surveys, arrange communications and start recruiting thousands of technicians needed to run the system.

On Russian insistence, all decisions at this stage would be subject to agreement by the three original nuclear powers. Western sources pointed out that this provision was not considered a veto since the West had always expected big three agreement in the preparatory commission. *(Reuter, UPI)*

Soviet Troops To Remain in Hungary

BUDAPEST. — Mr. Janos Kadar, First Secretary of Hungary's Communist Party, said on Monday that Soviet troops would not be withdrawn from Hungary.

In his keynote speech made in the presence of Soviet Premier Khrushchev before the Seventh Congress of the Hungarian Communist Party which opened here yesterday, Mr. Kadar said that the presence of Soviet troops in Hungary was not prompted by Hungary's internal situation, but by developments in international relations.

He attacked the U.S. for having "incited a slanderous campaign" against Hungary, and he also protested the U.N.'s scheduled debate on the "so-called Hungarian question."

Mr. Kadar said the enemies of the Hungarian People have "slanderously claimed" that the Soviet Union was exploiting Hungary. However, even "these enemies of our nation have now realized that the Soviet-Hungarian friendship is of great value for Hungary."

Commenting on America, he said:

"Our relations with the U.S. are most unsatisfactory. The American diplomats accredited to Budapest have neglected undertaking any measures to improve this situation during the past two years. This certainly is according to their Government's orders.

AFTER MIDNIGHT

Twelve nations, including Russia, yesterday reached agreement in Washington on an historic treaty which will set up in Antarctica the world's first international inspection system to guard against militarization.

Thanksgiving Service in Elijah's Cave on Wining IL1,000

Luck was in for Mrs. Mathilde Shalam of the Ahva Quarter, Jerusalem. Mrs. Shalam, mother of two daughters, won IL1,000 in the Shemen Meged competition. The lucky family came to Haifa, together with Grandma, to receive the prize at a festive ceremony, and afterwards visited Elijah's Cave to light candles and offer thanks to God.

19,526 persons participated in the Meged Competition and replied to the question: "Why I prefer Shemen Meged."

Bipartisan Backing For Ike's Tour

WASHINGTON (Reuter). Democratic and Republican party leaders yesterday gave President Eisenhower their support for his 11-nation "peace plan" tour beginning on Thursday.

After a White House breakfast meeting between the President and the leaders, Senator William Fulbright, Chairman of the Senate Foreign Relations Committee, said: "We all wished him good luck and God-speed."

The President will address the nation on Thursday night just before leaving on his tour.

(Details of Tour — Pg. 2.)

'K' Urges Nasser Approach to Iraq

From Our Special Correspondent

CAIRO. — The Soviet Prime Minister, Mr. Khrushchev, has intervened in the Egyptian-Iraq dispute to the extent of suggesting to Abdul Nasser that he make a fresh approach to Kassem. This intervention, it is now revealed, took place during the recent visit to Moscow of Salah Salem, who directs Egypt's government-controlled press.

The conversation which Khrushchev had with Salem was conducted in quite different tones from what was published here immediately after Salem's return. It is now believed that Mr. Khrushchev told Salem that if Nasser would propose to Kassem talks towards a *modus vivendi*, he, Khrushchev, was certain that Nasser would get a friendly reply from Iraq.

Egyptians are suspicious of the sincerity of this Russian proposal; they claim that such a move must come first from Baghdad, and that Nasser has made overtures to Kassem on at least three occasions without any reaction being forthcoming. It is suggested here, therefore, that Mr. Khrushchev expected only that Nasser would once again be snubbed.

An instance of the sharp tone of the interview was said to be a violent accusation on the part of Mr. Khrushchev that Nasser had killed and tortured thousands of suspected Communists in Egypt and Syria. While it is known here that there has been a number of political arrests in the last few months in the U.A.R., there has been no report of anyone being killed, and varying figures are given for the number of arrests.

No one, however, credits the Russian version of measures being taken against the "widely popular" Communist parties in Egypt and Syria, involving thousands of persons.

Statement Today On UK-UAR Ties

LONDON (Reuter). — Foreign Minister Selwyn Lloyd is expected to inform the Commons today of the re-establishment of diplomatic relations with Cairo, broken off in November, 1956, by Egypt at the time of the Suez landings.

A usually well informed source here said Mr. Lloyd's statement would follow a brief simultaneous announcement of the decision in London and Cairo.

The resumption follows swiftly on Mr. Lloyd's public expression of hope that diplomatic relations would be restored, made in answer to a parliamentary question last month. According to diplomatic sources here, Mr. Colin Crewe of the Foreign Office, now head of the British Property Commission in Cairo, will be appointed as British Chargé d'Affaires.

The appointment of a U.A.R. Chargé to reopen the Egyptian embassy in London is expected shortly.

Resumption of relations with Cairo will close a period in which Britain's contacts with the Arab world have been more reduced than at any other period in history.

Syria, now part of the U.A.R., broke off relations with Britain one day after Egypt.

No arrangements have yet been reported for the establishment of a consulate in Damascus.

Saudi Arabia would be the only Arab state to be without diplomatic relations with Britain. They were also severed in the Suez crisis. First impression in British quarters was that a meeting last week in New York between Mr. David Ormsby-Gore, British Minister of State in the Foreign Office, and Mr. Abdur Rahman Azzam, personal representative of King Saud, yielded little progress.

Tunisia to Offer Algeria Peace Plan

UNITED NATIONS.—Tunisia told the U.N. Main Political Committee yesterday that its delegation and others were working on a draft resolution which would help towards a settlement of the Algerian situation.

The Tunisian delegate, Mr. Mongi Slim, was the only speaker of the opening session. The debate will be resumed today.

The French delegation stayed away from the debate in protest against what it terms the U.N.'s interference in a French domestic problem.

It was the fifth year running that the Algerian issue had come up in the U.N., but a walk-out by the French Delegation in 1955 resulted in a decision to drop plans for a thorough debate.

Last year the Assembly failed by a single vote to muster the required two-thirds majority for endorsement of a resolution to recognize "the right of Algeria to independence."

Mr. Slim said that the Committee confronted the question this time in different conditions from those of last year.

New prospects for the restoration of peace in Algeria had emerged — a restoration by a democratic solution which would be in harmony with U.N. principles.

No Basic Differences

It would appear that the Algerian Nationalists' positive response to the offer of President Charles de Gaulle of self-determination meant no disagreement as to substance existed, but in fact the conflict continued. It was important to look for the true, profound causes of the "evil which has made this stupid war continue for five years and has jeopardized the confidence and friendship of two peoples," Mr. Slim added.

The Tunisian delegate said his delegation would have liked the French Delegate to participate in the debate, to contribute to the dispelling of certain problems.

The President of Tunisia, Mr. Habib Bourguiba, and his Government had continually appealed to France to seek a peaceful settlement outside bellicose solutions, and vain efforts at the U.N. has not deterred Tunisia from hoping that France eventually would "find herself" and turn from "stupidity."

More than five years of "warfare" had "caused a painful blood-letting in Algeria," in which some 1,400,000 young Frenchmen had taken turns in the waging of "continuous war operations." For months, French official communiques had given losses caused in the fighting averaging 800 a week.

Peace Opportunity

Now, Mr. Slim said, Algeria as well as France had the opportunity of seeing peace and concord based on a serious, honest and decent basis. It would be criminal to lose this opportunity by not calming the legitimate fears of the Algerians.

Among the observers in special seats on the sidelines of the room were four Algerian leaders: Minister of Information M'hammad Yazid, Minister for North African Affairs Abdelhami Mehri, Minister of Finance Ahmed Francis, and Director of Press Service in the Ministry of Information, Ahmed Bounendjel.

286 Rebels Killed Over Week-End

ALGIERS (UPI). — The French Army announced yesterday as the U.N. began its annual Algeria debate, that French troops killed 286 insurgents and captured 100 in week-end clashes with suicide squads slipping into Algeria from Tunisia.

Mopping up operations were reported still in progress along the eastern border.

The biggest attack was reported in the Ouenza region, where a band of about 100 insurgents forced its way through the electrified fence guarding the frontier. French troops killed 66 and captured 25 of the invaders.

Franco-Israel Friendship To Continue, Mendes-France Says

Jerusalem Post Reporter

Franco-Israel friendship would continue regardless of developments in Algeria, M. Pierre Mendes-France declared in Jerusalem yesterday. The former French Premier said the majority of French people felt that cooperation between the two countries should be maintained, and even strengthened.

"There might be a minority in France solely interested in Franco-Israel cooperation as an expediency because of France's difficulties with the Arab world and especially Algeria. But if such a minority exists, I can assure you that it is a very small minority," he stated.

M. Mendes-France was answering questions at an overflow press conference at the Jerusalem Journalists Association. He is due to leave Israel today, after a fortnight's visit.

Effect of Detente

Asked for his opinion on how the present easing of world tension could influence the Middle East, M. Mendes-France said:

"My guess is that if the two biggest powers have decided to develop their relations, this would lead them inescapably to maintain the *status quo* in the Middle East."

There is a tendency among the two major powers to prevent the Middle East situation from developing into one of war and violent attacks, he added. "This" he said, "would enable you to strengthen your economy, bring in more immigrants, reduce defence expenditure, and build your national home." It would be better, of course, if the four or five dominant countries of the world gave guarantees to maintain the *status quo*.

'Most Remarkable'

M. Mendes-France described Israel as "most remarkable" adding, "I am not saying this just to please you." He expressed optimism about the country's future and said the succeeding period of "permanency" in the next few years could coincide with the possible future drop in the volume of external assistance received by Israel.

He said Franco-Israel trade relations were not as extensive as may be desired, but he thought they could be developed. It was important to study what kind of goods Israel could export to fulfil French economic needs. He noted that in general French investments abroad were smaller than they had once been.

M. Mendes-France, answering a further question, believed there was a possibility of Franco-Israel economic and technical cooperation, and joint investment in the developing African continent. He mentioned past cooperation between Israel physicists and French nuclear scientists and said he had seen various institutions in Israel which could be of inestimable use in the new African countries.

Not 'Fanatic'

Reiterating that he had never been a "fanatical supporter" of the European Common Market plan, he said Israel membership in it could develop her trade relations with the Common Market countries through reduced customs and tarriffs and enlarged quotas.

M. Mendes-France — himself an eminent economist — said that what he found most remarkable about Israel's economy was perhaps not so much the strictly economic and technological aspects, but that all people were motivated by one common purpose. All shared the feeling of taking part in a common effort. "This is the biggest reason for arriving at optimistic conclusions," he declared.

Syrian Army Ends 10-Day Manoeuvres

The Syrian (First) Army has just completed its manoeuvres, which lasted 10 days and which were "the biggest in its history," according to Cairo Radio yesterday. The manoeuvres, said to have been directed by the Vice-President, General Amer, simulated wartime conditions and included naval participation.

The Syrian Military Air Force Staff College near Aleppo has been closed down on instructions from U.A.R. Army Headquarters in Cairo, the Israel Arabic Broadcasting Service reported yesterday.

Jordan and Iraq To Exchange Diplomats

AMMAN (UPI). — An agreement has been reached by Jordan and Iraq for representation in each other's countries, it was officially announced here on Monday.

The announcement said the Lebanon will represent Jordanian interests in Iraq while Saudi Arabia will represent Iraqi interests in Jordan.

The two countries broke off diplomatic relations in 1958 when Premier Kassem came to power in Iraq after disposing of King Faisal in a bloody coup. Faisal was a first cousin of Jordan's King Hussein.

Franco-Israel Agreement On Culture Signed

By ISRAEL NEUMANN
Jerusalem Post Correspondent

PARIS. — Israel on Monday became the 36th state to be bound in a cultural accord with France when, at noon, the Israel Charge d'Affaires, Mr. M. Schneerson and the Secretary - General of the Quai d'Orsay, M. Eric de Carbonnel, signed the treaty which had been initiated this summer. The repeated delays and postponements had ended last Saturday, when the Quai d'Orsay announced to the Israel Embassy its readiness to sign the accord.

Also present at the brief signing ceremony were M. J. Bourdeillette, the new Ambassador-Designate to Israel, M. Seydoux, Head of the French Government Cultural Department, and Mr. David Catarivas, Israel Press and Cultural Attache. After the signing, M. Bourdeillette expressed his satisfaction at taking up his new functions following the establishment of a framework making fruitful work possible.

Helped Reach Accord

Observers believe that M. Bourdeillette, who was recently received by President de Gaulle, helped to overcome certain difficulties that been holding up the signature.

A Quai d'Orsay spokesman emphasized in answer to my question that this was a cultural action, completely independent of political considerations. The intention was to multiply cultural contacts and diffuse the French language and culture. The accord with Israel belongs to the category of general cultural agreements which France has with about 30 nations, including Germany, Britain, Italy, Japan, Morocco, Tunisia, Lebanon, Egypt, Laos, Vietnam, Cambodia, Turkey and South America. A smaller group, including the U.S. and Persia have signed cultural and technical protocols with France, while cultural cooperation with the U.S.S.R., Poland, and Rumania has taken the form of a one-year exchange programme. France signed its first cultural accord in 1887 with Switzerland.

Language Exchange

The agreemnt provides *inter alia* for the teaching of French in Israel secondary schools and the recognition of Hebrew as an elective language for matriculation examinations in France.

A programme for extending the study of French in schools here will presumably be formulated by the committee which will be set up in Jerusalem and in Paris. A limited extension of the study of French was introduced this term by the Ministry of Education which had planned to expand it further next year.

The agreement, according to the text, was concluded because both governments desired to promote complete mutual understanding by friendly cooperation in the spheres of humanities, education, art, science, technology and culture, and to bring about a fuller recognition of the various institutions and social life in the two countries. It also provides for the exchange of personalities, material and documents.

Six-Man Committee

A permanent six member committee of three Israelis and three Frenchmen will be formed to advise both governments on implementing the accord, and it will meet whenever necessary either in Jerusalem or in Paris. Each government will encourage the establishment of academic chairs, the organization of courses and lectures dealing with the language, literature, history, technology, culture and art of the other country, and each will be able to set up its cultural institutions in the other country.

The agreement also provides for the organization of summer courses, general exchange of visits and all kinds of cultural exchanges.

In connection with the exchange of scientific and technical documents, and the maintenance of direct contact be-

(Continued on Page 3, Col. 8)

Luz Elected House Speaker As President Opens Fourth Knesset

'Narrow' Cabinet As First Step

Jerusalem Post Political Reporter

The Progressive Party will enter the next Cabinet regardless of other parties' stands, it was decided yesterday by the Progressives' 16 member Political Committee.

A compromise with Mapai on a National Health Insurance Law is the only point still outstanding. The Progressives are thus the first party to indicate a formal intention to join the Mapai coalition.

This should make it possible to form a new Government next week, even if no final agreement be reached by then with Mapam and Ahdut Ha'avoda. A Mapai-Progressive Government would have 58 Knesset Members. Since the six Agudat Yisrael members have been instructed by the Supreme Rabbinical Council to abstain on the vote of confidence the Government would have a working majority.

The Progressive's official communique terms Mr. Ben-Gurion's personal proposal of a State Health insurance scheme a "minimum compromise." It is believed, however, that such a compromise can also be reached if the 20 per cent of the population now unaffiliated with any sick fund were enabled to join a fund of their choice without having to accept any additional organizational or political obligations.

A meeting between Mapai and Mapam representatives in Jerusalem yesterday was inconclusive. Mapam is insisting on freedom from Cabinet discipline on matters relating to Germany, political and military treaties, the Military Government and the activities of pioneer youth movements in State schools.

In the evening, Mapam and Ahdut Ha'avoda leaders decided not to hold further meetings with Mapai until they see a draft of the basic principles of the new Government.

The General Zionists are still undecided whether to join the future coalition and a final decision will be taken at next Thursday's meeting of their party executive.

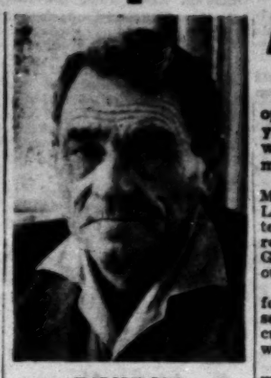
MEIR CONSENTS TO RETAIN POST

POST Political Reporter

Mrs. Golda Meir has consented to retain the post of Foreign Minister in the next Cabinet, it was learned from authoritative sources in Jerusalem yesterday.

Mrs. Meir's decision is understood to have been taken after an additional meeting on Sunday with Prime Minister Ben-Gurion and with a special Mapai delegation.

The report on Mrs. Meir's readiness to remain Foreign Minister was received with great satisfaction by wide circles both in Mapai and in other parties.



KADISH LUZ

Ben-Zvi: Israel Proves its Maturity

The latest elections proved once again — to ourselves and to the world — the stability of our young State and its democratic maturity, President Izhak Ben-Zvi said yesterday in opening the first session of the Fourth Knesset. In these respects, he said, we are in no way inferior to even the most advanced nations.

Although the number of party lists had been unduly large, the electorate had shown its ability to distinguish between those which really had a *raison d'etre* and those which did not, the President said. "Nevertheless, we should learn from experience and draw the conclusion of the need to correct the situation in the future," he added. He did not elaborate.

Mr. Ben-Zvi sent his greetings to the Defence Forces, and his condolences to families whose sons had fallen in battle. He noted that the new Knesset included a large number of young members, and was pleased at the combination of old and young.

The President also noted that the Fourth Knesset, more than any of its predecessors, included representatives of immigrants from different parts of the world. They had not only managed to strike roots in the country, but also completely to identify themselves with it and to represent the entire nation honourably, without any communal divisions.

Mr. Ben-Zvi recalled the late Speaker, Yosef Sprinzak, and other deceased members of the Third Knesset. The House rose in honour of their memory.

IRAQI PARTY ACTIVITY SEEN BY JANUARY

Four political parties are expected to resume activities in Iraq early next year, the Arab News Agency reported yesterday from Baghdad.

Quoting the Iraqi daily "A-Zamane," the ANA report added that the Iraqi Government was expected to adopt important resolutions by January 6.

Comay Reiterates Israel's Stand on Refugees at U.N.

UNITED NATIONS (INA).—Israel on Monday reiterated before the U.N. previous offers to pay compensation to the Arab refugees "even before the achievement of a final peace settlement or the solution of other outstanding problems."

At the same time, Israel's Deputy Delegation Chairman Michael S. Comay, addressing the General Assembly's Special Political Committee on the Arab Refugee Debate, repeated that Israel "is prepared to enter immediately into negotiations with the Arab Governments directly or indirectly," not only regarding the refugee problem but also for an overall and final settlement of all outstanding differences."

Overall Situation

"In considering whether to permit any refugees to return," Mr. Comay stated, "Israel must obviously have regard to the situation as a whole including such factors as the state of relations between Israel and the Arab neighbours, the attitude toward Israel of the refugees themselves, security considerations and the basic social and economic problems." This is for us not merely a question of jurisprudence, but an intensely practical one. Is it seriously contended that 40 per cent of the citizens of Jordan who have accepted complete allegiance to a hostile state and to its laws and policies have the right to march across the Israel-Jordan border and enter Israel at their own private option?"

Mr. Comay referred to the offer made in August, 1955, by the late U.S. Secretary of State John Foster Dulles to help obtain international funds to aid Israel to pay compensation to refugees entitled to such compensation. He said, "If solution of the refugee problem by integration in Arab lands were actually carried out, and if the international assistance offered in 1955 were available, Israel would be prepared to pay compensation even before the achievement of a final peace settlement or the solution of other outstanding problems."

Jewish Property

In fixing the level of compensation by Israel, however, "it would be necessary to take into account Jewish property in areas such as the Jewish quarter of the Old City of Jerusalem, and the Jewish villages in the Jerusalem and Hebron districts as well as the claims of Israel's citizens of property left behind in various Arab countries. The implementation of this compensation offer is bound to be affected by economic warfare carried out against Israel by the countries whose residents would be the claimants of compensation," he added.

Lone Candidate is Unopposed

By ARYEH RUBINSTEIN, Post Knesset Reporter

Mr. Kadish Luz was elected Speaker without opposition at the opening session of the Fourth Knesset yesterday afternoon. The vote was, 112-0. Five members were absent due to illness, and the three Communist members abstained.

Before the vote, the Prime Minister announced that Mr. Luz had resigned as Minister of Agriculture, although remaining in the caretaker Government as Minister without Portfolio.

Mr. Ben-Gurion said that for the time being he himself would assume the Agriculture portfolio. "I hope it won't be for long," he added.

Mr. Luz is 64 years old. He was born in Bobruisk, Russia, and studied at Esthonian and French universities. During World War One he served in the Russian Army, and at the outbreak of the revolution was given a commission.

Co-founder of Hehaluts

A co-founder of the Hehalutz Movement in Bobruisk, he came to Palestine in 1920, worked as a farmer and labourer, and in 1921 joined Degania "Bet," the kibbutz where he still lives.

By electing a Minister as its Speaker, the Knesset in effect by-passed its own rules, which state: "A Member of the Government cannot be Speaker or Deputy Speaker of the Knesset."

At Sunday's Cabinet meeting Minister of Justice Pinhas Rosen called attention to the fact that a Minister cannot resign from his caretaker Government which is what Mr. Luz had originally intended to do.

Yesterday, Attorney-General Haim Cohn expressed the opinion that since the "Basic Law — the Knesset" states simply that "the Knesset shall elect a Speaker from among its Members," the limitation in the Knesset Rules is not binding.

Cabinet Meets

The Cabinet later held a 15-minute meeting at which it was agreed that Mr. Luz would resign his portfolio But remain in the Government. It was not this stratagem that constituted the way out of the impasse, however, but the fact that the Acting Speaker (Mr. Nir) accepted the nomination of Mr. Luz and that no Member objected that this was against the Rules.

It is understood that the reason for this was that Herut, which is anxious to remove the question of Deputy Speakers from the Coalition negotiations agreed not to raise the constitutional point but support Mr. Luz. With his election thus assured, the other parties decided to go along.

Several hours before the session was due to begin, King George Avenue was roped off from Rehov Ben Yehuda to the Jewish Agency compound. Knesset Members and invited guests took their seats before 3:45 p.m. The guests included the members of the Provisional State Council and of the First Knesset, the President and Justices of the Supreme Court, members of the Jewish Agency Executive, the Chief Rabbi and heads of other religious faiths, the State Controller, and M. Mendes-France.

The gallery audience included the wives and children of the 21 new Knesset Members.

At 4 p.m. the President's automobile, escorted by seven mounted policemen and three outriders, drew up in front of the Knesset where he was greeted with a fanfare by the Police Band and the applause of the crowd waiting across the street.

The President and Mr. Nahum Nir, the outgoing Speaker, reviewed the Knesset guard unit, and the President was then escorted to the Chamber by the Sergeant at Arms, Sgan-Aluf Y.M. Hazor, preceded by the Head Usher carrying the President's Standard. Half a dozen photographers were stationed in various parts of the Chamber.

Session Opened

Mr. Ben-Zvi then opened the session, and after a short speech (see adjoining column) he turned the chair over to the oldest Member in the House, who is Mr. Nir.

Mr. Nir first paid tribute to the members of the Defence Forces who fell in the War of Liberation and the Sinai Campaign, and then eulogized Israel Rokach, former Mayor of Tel Aviv, Minister of Interior, and Deputy Knesset Speaker, who died during the Knesset recess. (Mr. Rokach's widow and brother were among the invited guests.)

Noting that the Fourth

(Continued on Page 3, Col. 4)

Lourie Confirmed As Envoy to Britain

The Foreign Ministry yesterday announced the appointment of Mr. Arthur Lourie as Israel Ambassador to the United Kingdom. Mr. Lourie, who currently heads the Israel delegation at the U.N., has been Ambassador to Canada since 1957.

Born in Johannesburg in 1903, Mr. Lourie began his law studies at Capetown University, and completed them at Cambridge. He took post-graduate studies at Harvard Law School and was admitted to the Bar at Inner Temple.

He was Secretary of the Jewish Agency in London from 1933 till 1940, and of the American Zionist Council from 1940 till 1948. From 1946 till 1948, he was Director of the Jewish Agency's U.N. Office in New York.

In May of 1948, Mr. Lourie was appointed Israel's Consul-General in New York and Deputy Chairman of Israel's U.N. Delegation. From 1953 he has been Assistant Director-General of the Foreign Ministry.

We extend our deep sympathy
to TEDDY KOLLEK
on the death of his father
Abraham (Alfred) Zvi Kollek
Board of Directors
Tourist Industry Development Corporation Ltd.

The Israel Institute of Applied Social Research
extends heartfelt condolences
to Mr. TEDDY KOLLEK
Member of the Board of Trustees of the Institute,
on the death of his
FATHER

The Government of Israel • The Jerusalem Municipality
The Jewish Agency • The Weizmann Institute
The Union of Local Authorities • The Israel Labour Party (Mapai)
The Israel Journalists Association • The Jerusalem Post

Today, December 1, 1959, the 30th day after the passing of
Mayor GERSHON AGRON
Memorial Meeting in the Wise Auditorium, Hebrew University campus, at 6 p.m. in the presence of the President and the Prime Minister of Israel.

FIREPERFECT IS BETTER

Social & Personal

The President was represented by his Aide-de-Camp, Aluf-Mishne Yoset Carmel, at a reception held by the Yugoslavian Minister, M. Dragoje Djuric, on the occasion of the Yugoslavian national holiday.

The President and Mrs. Ben-Zvi yesterday entertained Mrs. Shoshana Persitz at lunch.

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The Foreign Minister, Mrs. Golda Meir, on Monday gave a luncheon for the British Ambassador to Israel, Mr. Patrick Francis Hancock, and Mrs. Hancock. Attending the luncheon were the Minister of Commerce and Industry, Mr. Pinhas Sapir; the Swedish Ambassador and Mrs. Osten Lundborg; the Dutch Ambassador and Mrs. Johan Bas Backer; the Canadian Ambassador, Miss Margaret Meagher; the French Charge d'Affaires and Mrs. Vizzavona; the Counsellor of the British Embassy, Miss Barbara Salt; the Assistant Directors-General of the Foreign Ministry, Dr. Haim Yahil and Mr. Moshe Bartur, and Mrs. Bartur; Mr. and Mrs. Zvi Locker, and Mrs. Ya'acov Tsur.

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Dr. Edgard Sanabria, former President of Venezuela and now his country's Ambassador to the Vatican, yesterday (Monday) visited the Weizmann Institute where he was received by the Dean of the Institute's Graduate School, Prof. J. Gillis. Mr. Sanabria then went on to Beersheba, where he was guest of Mayor David Touviahu on a tour of the town.

On Sunday night, Mr. Sanabria was dinner guest of Justice Gad Frumkin, President of the Israel-Ibero America Central Institute, and Mrs. Frumkin. Among those present were the heads of the Latin-American diplomatic missions in Jerusalem and members of the Institute, representatives of the Foreign Ministry, the Ministry of Education, the Hebrew University and the judiciary and legal professions.

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Mr. Moshe Kol, head of the Jewish Agency Youth Immigration Department, was re-elected as Vice-President of FICE, the international organization of children's communities, now convening in Vienna.

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The Jewish National Fund Board of Directors yesterday voted unanimously to enter Mr. Itzhak Gruenbaum and Mr. Zalman Shazar, in the Golden Book on their 80th and 70th birthdays respectively.

Mayor Haim Levanon of Tel Aviv was on Monday presented with a certificate of his inscription in the J.N.F. Golden Book by members of the Soldiers Welfare Committee, in appreciation for his work for the Committee.

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The members of the Consular Corps in Jerusalem, accompanied by Mr. S.B. Yeshaya, Jerusalem District Representative, and Mr. R. Levi, District Officer, yesterday visited the Hadassah Medical Organization Family Health Centre at Kiryat Hayovel and the Hadassah-Hebrew University Medical Centre at Ein Karem. At a luncheon in their honour at Ziv Hospital, attended by Dr. and Mrs. K.J. Mann, Dr. and Mrs. J. Karpas, Mrs. Julia A. Duskin and Mrs. Myriam Granott, the visitors were greeted by Dr. I.E. Nebenzahl, chairman of the H.M.O. Israel Committee.

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The Toronto U.J.A. Study Mission was yesterday received by Aluf Ezer Weizmann and visited a military base.

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Mrs. Charles Hymes, President of the National Council of Jewish Women in the U.S., and Miss Hannah Stein, Executive Director of the Council, visited the Hebrew University yesterday and were received by the President, Prof. B. Mazar. They were afterwards the guests of honour at a University luncheon.

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Mr. S. Temkin, Director of the Israel Office of the British Zionist Federation, will address a general meeting of the Jerusalem Branch of Hitahdut Olei Britannia at 8.30 tonight on "British Aliya — Reality or Illusion" at the Zafta Club, 38 King George Avenue. Conference resolutions will also be discussed at this meeting.

31,288 JEWS immigrated to Israel in the Hebrew year 5719 (October 1958-September 1959), the Jewish Agency announced yesterday.

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MADAME BUTTERFLY
with
MICHIKO SUNAHARA
Mon., Dec. 7, Sat., Dec. 12
REHOVOT, "Beit Ha'am"
Thursday, Dec. 3, at 9 p.m.
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ALEXANDRA
Tues., Dec. 8
LA TRAVIATA
Sunday, Dec. 13
FLEDERMAUS
Tues., Dec. 31
All perfs. start at 8.30 p.m
Tickets at the Box Office
(10-1, 4-6); Tel. 27700
Tickets Ramat Gan — Pas, Haifa — Grossberger.
Subscription Tickets
still available at the Opera

11 States Prepare Welcome For Ike on Peace Plan Tour

WASHINGTON (Reuter). — President Eisenhower leaves Washington in a Boeing 707 jetliner on Thursday on a 37,020-kilometre tour of Europe, Asia and Africa, which is part of his ambitious peace plan that started with the invitation to the Soviet Premier to visit the U.S.

During his talks with the various world leaders, he is expected to discuss a number of topics with bearings on the Western summit meeting in Paris next month.

Not all of his trip will be on business — he will spend some of his time cruising in the Mediterranean in a U.S. warship, and he will be received in audience by the Pope.

The central point of his visits is seen in London as his talks in India, the key non-Communist state of Asia.

Reuter correspondents cabled these reports from points he will visit:

NEW DELHI: The Indian Government aims to give Mr. Eisenhower one of the biggest and warmest receptions ever given to a foreign dignitary when he arrives here on December 9. Every effort is being made to make it at least equal to that given to the Soviet leaders — Marshal Bulganin and Mr. Khrushchev — when they came to New Delhi in November 1957.

On December 14, Mr. Eisenhower flies to:

TEHERAN: The Shah is expected to ask the U.S. President for increased military and economic assistance, and a further assurance to guarantee Persia's security against Soviet threats.

After a 5½ hour stay in Persia, Mr. Eisenhower will leave for:

ATHENS: After talks with Prime Minister Karamanlis and Foreign Minister Averoff, he will leave by helicopter to join the U.S. Cruiser Des Moines, flagship of the powerful U.S. Sixth Fleet for a 2½-day Mediterranean cruise. From the deck of the warship, he will fly by helicopter on December 17 to:

TUNIS: The President will have breakfast with President Habib Bourguiba in his palace and they will discuss the Algerian problem, Tunisian and North African policies, and economic and social relations between their two countries, according to American diplomatic circles there.

President Eisenhower will go on to Toulon, France's big Riviera naval port, from where he will travel to:

PARIS: Here, he will attend the Western summit conference with other Western leaders. The talks will concentrate on the actual date to be proposed by the West for a summit meeting with Mr. Khrushchev, and on the subjects to be discussed with him.

After the Western summit, President Eisenhower will fly to MADRID on December 21 for the first visit to Franco Spain by the head of a Western Power, and RABAT for a five to six-hour visit on December 22, during which he will discuss Morocco's demand for evacuation of American military bases on her soil.

Other cabled reports were:

ROME: The President is due here on Friday, the first official call on his lightning tour. He will have intensive talks with President Gronchi, Prime Minister Segni, and Foreign Minister Pella.

ANKARA: It was understood here that President Eisenhower would discuss Middle East security with President Bayar and Prime Minister Menderes.

KARACHI: Arriving for a 36-hour visit on December 7, Mr. Eisenhower will ride in a horse-drawn state carriage through the streets of Karachi to the home of President Ayub Khan.

KABUL: Snow was reported falling in Afghanistan yesterday, raising doubts whether President Eisenhower would be able to make his scheduled trip to Kabul where he is due to spend five hours on December 9 between his visits to Karachi and New Delhi.

Albright to Seek Sodom, Gomorrah

AMMAN (Reuter). — American and Jordanian archaeologists are to conduct a wide research in the area of the Dead Sea next month to seek the cities of Sodom and Gomorrah, Asem Taji, Director of the Tourist Department here, has announced.

Professor William F. Albright and Mr. William Foxwell, both members of the American School of Oriental Research, recently found potteries near the south-east portion of the Dead Sea which are believed to belong to the Sodom age, 1900 B.C.E.

Beduin have claimed to have seen very old ruins under the waters of the Dead Sea in the same area.

The expedition also hopes to discover the other three places that made up the five Cities of the Plain — Adman, Zeboim and Zoar.

Anti-Vice Drive Causes Peashooters Shortage

LONDON (Reuter). — A woman probation officer, appearing on a B.B.C. programme has blamed the new Street Offences Act, which removed prostitutes from the streets of London, for a shortage of peashooters.

Discussing the effect of the first three months of the new Act, the probation officer said the prostitutes were buying up all the peashooters and using them "to get their clients by blowing from the windows."

Cinemas

JERUSALEM

2.30, 6.45, 8.45.

ARNON: Sword in the Desert.
EDEN: Stage Struck.
ORION: The Bitter End (Ebediyete Kadar).
OR-GIL: La femme et le pantin.
ORNA: Sierra Baron.
RON: Anna from Brooklyn.
SEMADAR: Mon oncle.
ZION: Unconquered.
TEL OR: Der träumende Mund.
EDISON: Breakthrough.
STUDIO: The Firebird (Eld Fagein).

TEL AVIV

2.30, 7.15, 9.15.

ALLENBY: Le long des trottoirs.
ARMON DAVID: Young Man with a Horn.
CHEN: Room at the Top.
EDEN: A Night in Hell.
ESTHER: For the First Time.
GAT: Montmartre Nights.
MAXIM: The Doctor's Dilemma.
MIGDALOR: Across the Bridge.
MOGRABI: En cas de malheur (Love is My Profession).
OPHIR: Les dragueurs.
ORION: Femmes, faibles.
PEER: Night of a Quarter Moon.
SHDEROTH: Ein Lied geht um die Welt.
TAMAR: Herod and Miriam (Herod le Grand).
TCHELET: Les amants (Evenings only).
TEL AVIV: The Blue Angel.
YARON: Imitation of Life.
ZAFON: The Captain's Table.
ZAMIR: Windom's Way.

HAIFA

4, 6.45, 9.

ORION: Behind the High Wall.
ATZMON: Cat on a Hot Tin Roof.
MIRON: Drei Männer im Schnee (Three Men in the Snow).
ORAH: Imitation of Life.
AMPHITHEATRE: Hop Eddie!
TAMAR: At War with the Army
GAL OR: Husarenmanöver.
PEER: Anatomy of a Murder.
ARMON: This Land is Mine.
EN DOR: The King and I.
ORLY: Die liebe Familie. (Evenings only).
MORIAH: The Naked and the Dead. (Evenings only).
MAY: L'Uomo di Paglia.
RAMAT GAN
RAMAT GAN: Carmen Jones. 7.15, 9.30.

Where to go

MEET THE ISRAELI

Tourists are invited to meet Israelis at home for tea (or coffee) and a chat. Apply to the Government Tourist Information Offices in:
Jerusalem: 60 King George Avenue.
Tel Aviv: 7 Rehov Mendele.
Haifa: 2 Rehov Balfour.

JERUSALEM

• Tours:—
Spend a morning with Hadassah on a conducted tour, starting 9 a.m. Book for this tour by phoning 4061, Hadassah Club, Straus Health Centre.
Hebrew University: Conducted tour in English, at 12 noon, daily. New University Campus.
• Exhibitions: —
Artists House: 10-1, 4-6. Oils, gouaches, watercolours by Yeshayahu Dror. Oils, monotypes by Yehoshua Grosbard.
Safrai Art Gallery, 37 Jaffa Rd., Tel. 63737. Est. 1905. Jerusalem's oldest art gallery. Paintings by Haya Sapir, graduate Youth Aliya. Come in and browse around, 8-1, 3-7, Friday, 8-2. All purchases mailed upon request.
Department of Antiquities, 25 Rehov Shlomo Hamelech. Special exhibitions: Tel Gath excavations, Chalcolithic ossuaries from Asor. Also permanent exhibition. 9-1, 3-5.
• Permanent Exhibition:—
"Israel Today." Binyanei Haooma. Open daily 10-1, 4-6 (Saturdays excepted). Fridays: 10-1 only.
• Bezalel National Museum:—
Permanent exhibition of Jewish Ceremonial Art, Archaeological objects, Primitive Art. Exhibition of "Contemporary British Printmakers' on loan from St. George's Gallery, London. Special exhibition of sculpture by Sir Jacob Epstein. Exhibition of water-colours, gouaches and drawings by Israel Artist Shoshana Pinkelstein. Exhibitions of "Landscape Etchings of the 17th century" and "Italian Paintings of the 20th Century." 9-1: 2.30-6.
• Zoo: —
Jerusalem Biblical Zoo. 9-6.

TEL AVIV

• Theatre: —
The Jewish State Theatre in Poland, under the direction of Ida Kaminska, presents: "The Trees Die Standing." Ohel Shem, 8.30.
Cameri: "Look Homeward, Angel," 8.30.
Habimah: "The Trees Die Standing" (for the armed forces) 6.15, 9.30.
Ohel: "One More River," (Premiere), 8.30.
• Dine and Dance: —
Delphin Bar, 16 Sholem Aleichem. Exquisite cuisine. Dancing nightly. Recommended to Tourists. Tel. 22973.
Cafe Noga. Concert: Mandelbaum Orchestra, Jacomo Villa. Vocalist, 5-7, 8-12.
Adria Night Club, 101 Dizengoff—in passage. Sensational French Vocalist, Dany Doberson Dancing. Tel. 51349.
• Tourist Service: —
Visit Hadassah Club, 80 Rehov Hayarkon, Tel. 28239.
Wiso Club, 91 Rehov Hayarkon, Tel. 26825. 8 a.m.—2 p.m.
• Zoological Gardens: —
Open 8 a.m. — 6 p.m. daily.
• Exhibitions: —
UNESCO Exhibition of Watercolours. Beit Dizengoff, 10-1, 4-7. Coptic Textiles and Portraits of Egyptian Mummies. Helena Rubinstein Pavilion. Today 10-1, 4-7. Ancient Glass Exhibition, Museum Ha'aretz, near Ramat Aviv, 10-5.
Paintings by Bursinska-Neumann. Artists Pavilion, 9 Alharizi. 10-1, 4-7.
• Z.O.A. House:—
Tourist Service, 9 a.m.-9 p.m.

HAIFA

• Tourist Centre: —
Hadassah Club, Youth Aliya Offices, 22 Hehaluts. Tel. 67955.
• Exhibitions: —
Furniture and Rugs Exhibition. Exhibition Centre, Beit Hakranot, 10-1, 4-9.
Paintings by Yochanan Ben-Ya'acov (Hazorea), and Ya'acov Motola (Haifa). Union of Israel Painters and Sculptors, 24 U.N.O. Ave., 10-1, 4-7.

MIGDAL ASHKELON

• Yiddish Musical: —
Benzion Witler and Shifra Lerer: "Wedding in Prison." 8.45.

Goldston Allowed To be Immigrant

Jerusalem Post Reporter

Philip Allan Goldston is to be granted "the status" of an immigrant, it is learned from Ministry of Interior sources.

Mr. Goldston, 30, arrived here in September from England after charges of fraud were filed against him there.

It is learned that the Ministry bases its decision, to be announced in a few days, on the fact that "no information has reached it showing that Mr. Goldston has been convicted of any criminal activity abroad."

The sources emphasized that the Ministry's policy of "not turning Israel into a haven for wanted criminals" still remains in force.

Several months ago the Ministry revoked Mr. Goldston's visitor's visa. Mr. Goldston thereupon applied to the Supreme Court to invalidate an expulsion order which he claimed had been issued against him. The Ministry, in its response, claimed that no such order had been issued.

Move to Foil Bogus Telephone Officials

Post Office officials in the three main towns will no longer give details over the telephone to persons seeking information about individuals' applications for the installation or transfer of phones.

The postal authorities said it had come to light that unauthorized persons have been utilizing this information for unlawful purposes. Some have been posing as Post Office employees in order to collect money for services rendered by the postal authorities.

In future, anyone seeking such information will have to apply either in writing or in person, producing evidence of his identity.

Lovelorn Woman Sent Money to 'Gregory Peck'

LUECHOW, Germany (Reuter). — A lovelorn divorcee of 52, who fell in love with a man she had never met, gave a "mutual friend" 100 marks to give to him every month for nearly two years.

She gave the money, she told a court here, because the man "needed the money very badly." The only contact she had with him, she admitted, was a signed photograph.

And that turned out to be a picture of American film star Gregory Peck.

The "mutual friend," a woman, admitted the deception and taking the 2,000 marks intended for the man, who never existed.

She was sentenced to six months' imprisonment for fraud.

U.S. Aims for Mars

WASHINGTON (AFP). — American scientists will on December 10 endeavour to fire a rocket sending a satellite into the vicinity of the planet Mars before entering into orbit around the sun, it was reported here.

THE COTTON-GROWING area in Western Galilee will be increased two-and-a-half times, to 8,000 dunams, following last season's high yield. At the same time a cotton gin, to be constructed with the cooperation of four Local Councils, will considerably cut down on transport expenses.

Insurance Rebates For 'Safe' Employers

Jerusalem Post Reporter

Factories and firms with a lower than average work accident rate will benefit from further reductions in National Insurance Institute premiums. Under the terms of a regulation published this week starting in April 1960, an employer whose firm has an accident rate of 30 per cent less than the average for two years will get a 20 per cent reduction for two years.

Conversely, 20 per cent more will be paid by employers who have a two year record of 30 per cent higher than the average.

(The Institute calculates the average accident rate separately for each industry).

Until now, a 15 per cent reduction for three years was given firms whose record was 40 per cent below the average for three years.

According to the Institute spokesman the "safety conscious" employers would be notified about the reduced premiums by the beginning of February. There was therefore no need for employers to apply to the Institute at present in this connection, he said.

American Music By Ramat Gan Players

Works by American composers are to be presented by the Ramat Gan Chamber Orchestra in a series of five concerts to be given in Tel Aviv, under the patronage of the U.S. Ambassador, Mr. Ogden Reid.

The first concert, this Thursday, includes works by Roy Harris, Aaron Copland, Samuel Barber and William Schuman. The soloist will be Melvin Keller, clarinet.

The series is under the baton of a young American, Franklin Choset, who decided to settle in Israel after arriving last January as guest conductor of the Israel National Opera.

Later in the season, the Ramat Gan Chamber Orchestra will present two of Gian-Carlo Menotti's one-act chamber operas — "The Telephone" and "The Old Maid and the Thief."

The first concert of the orchestra's regular series in Ramat Gan will be given in the middle of January, also under Mr. Choset, while later concerts will be conducted by the orchestra's permanent musical director, Michael Taube, and Shalom Ronli-Riklis, of the Defence Forces Orchestra.

Next winter, the Ramat Gan Chamber Orchestra will embark on its first European tour, playing Israel music and works by composers of the host countries in Italy, Switzerland, Holland, Belgium, France and Great Britain.

12,000 Soldiers Get Camp Holidays

TEL AVIV. — More than 12,000 soldiers — the majority of them from field units — spent an average of 10 days in holiday camps organized by the Soldiers' Welfare Committee this year, a committee spokesman has announced.

A total of IL350,000 was spent by the committee in organizing seven camps in popular holiday resorts.

ON THE AIR

FIRST PROGRAMME
522, 256.4 & 249 M.

News: Hebrew: 6.30, 7.00 and 7.58 a.m., 1.30, 5.00, 7.00, 9.0s and 11 p.m. **English:** 2.00 p.m. **French:** 2.15 p.m.

6.30 a.m. Religious Service (R). 6.37 Exercises. 6.45 Musical Clock (R). 7.17 Morning Melodies. 8.00 Close Down.

11.00 a.m. Popular Concert: Handel: Sonata for Strings without Bass; Bach: Sonata for Two Pianos (arr. V. Babin); Offenbach: Selection from "La Perlcole"; Elgar: Overture "In the South." 12.00 Women's Programme. 12.30 Lunchtime Music. 1.00 Classical Music: Chabrier: Overture "Une Education Manquee"; Sarasate: Malaguena; Borodin: Polovtsian Dances; Liszt: Concert-Etude. 1.45 Where to go? 2.30 Close Down.

4.30 Special Foreign Language Programme. 5.05 Songs & Dances at Your Request. 5.45 Children's Corner. 6.00 Youth Corner. 6.30 Popular Songs and Melodies. 7.20 Cantoral Request Programme. 7.50 Talk by A. Nathan. 7.59 Announcements on Kol Yisrael Programmes. 8.00 "The Treasury of Jazz" Art Tatum (Piano) and his Trio. Ben Webster (Tenor-Saxophone) and his Group. 8.25 Three Generations—ed. by A. Arad & S. Katz. 8.50 Bible Reading: Shmuel 2, chaps. 1 & 2. 9.15 Concert by the Kol Yisrael Orchestra: Conductor: Georg Singer; Soloist: Frank Pelleg (Piano). Eric-Paul Stekel: Overture "Grenoble"; Mozart: Piano Concerto in D-minor, K. 466 — Intermission—Dvorak: Symphony No. 5 in E-minor ("From the New World"). 11.10 Close Down.

SECOND PROGRAMME
449, 291, 422.5 & 32.9 M.

IMMIGRANTS' HOUR: 6.15 Mograbit. 6.30 News in Easy Hebrew. 6.45 Polish. 7.00 French. 7.20 Yiddish. 8.00 Writers & Critics—ed. by S. Bertonov. 8.30 Sound & Echo. 8.50 Light Music. 9.00 Ladino. 9.30 Rumanian. 9.45 Hungarian. 10.00 News in English.

ARABIC PROGRAMME
497 & 41.7 M.

Arabic Programme (including News): 6.30-7.15 a.m. 1.15-2.15, 5.30-11.15 p.m.

KOL YISRAEL LAGOLA (32.3 M.): Programme to the U.K.: 10.30 News. 10.40 Commentary on the News. 10.45 "Can Small Nations Cooperate for Peace?"

Programme to South Africa: 6.15 News. 6.25 Commentary on the News. 6.30 Tune of the Week. 6.35 Easy Hebrew Conversation.

ARMY PROGRAMME (216, 225 and 235 M.): 6.00 Opening. 6.03 Request Programme. 6.40 "Star of the Evening." 6.58 Announcements. 7.00 News. 7.10 Songs. 7.25 "Tunes & Men." 7.55 Readings from the "Parasha" by A. Gurevitz. 8.00 "Army's Diary." 8.10 "Pleasant Melody." 8.30 Musical Miniatures. 9.00 News. 9.15 Excerpts from a musical show. 10.00 Dance Music. 10.30 Close Down.

B.B.C. HEBREW BROADCASTS (30.26, 25.12, 19.76, 19.46 & 16.88 M.): 7.15-7.45 p.m. News. News Comment. Mid-Week Magazine.

MUSIC U.S.A. (19 & 25 M.): Voice of America: 9.00-11.00 p.m. Light Music & Jazz.

CYPRUS BROADCASTING SERVICE — English Programme (434 & 495 M.) News 7.30 a.m., 2.00, 7.00, 11.00 p.m.

7.45 a.m. The Coca Cola Programme. 8.00 Melodies & Memories. 8.30 Popular Light Orchestra. 9.00 Miniature Concert. 9.30 Confidence Man. 9.45 Piano Playing. 10.00 Felix King, his Piano and Orchestra. 10.30 Ted Heath and his Music. 11.00 The Final Year. 11.15 Light Music. 11.30 Pursuit. 12.00 Midday Melodies. 12.15 p.m. "The Name Is Shane." 2.30 Satellite Seven: A Science Adventure. 6.45 The Lanitis Programme. 7.15 Counterfeit. 10.00 Strange Last Words. 10.15 Stars of Song. 10.30 My Word.

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LAW REPORT

The Jerusalem Post December 1, 1959

In the Supreme Court Sitting As Court of Civil Appeals

Before the President (Justice Olshan), Justices Silberg and Witkon.

Moshe Nahmias, Appellant, v. The Income Tax Assessing Officer, Respondent (C.A. 379/59).

Outgoing Owner-Occupant of Flat Must Pay Income Tax on One-third of Key Money

The Supreme Court dismissed an appeal against a judgment of the Haifa District Court delivered on July 16, 1959 (in I.T.A. 41/59).

Moshe Nahmias owned the flat which he occupied. He bought himself a new dwelling for IL18,000 and let the old one for rent, plus IL6,500 key money. Later, he sold the first flat and paid the tenant the same IL6,500 in order to get vacant possession of it. On this sale he paid land betterment tax.

The Income Tax Assessing Officer decided that Mr. Nahmias must pay income tax on one-third of the IL6,500 key money which he had originally received for his first flat, holding that although all the key money was in the nature of taxable "profits arising from any house property" within the meaning of section 5(1)(f) of the Income Tax Ordinance, he was nevertheless prepared to regard two-thirds of it as being a consideration in return for the waiver of possession, and thus not taxable. Or, in other words, he was prepared to consider the key money as tantamount to having been paid to an outgoing tenant (instead of to the owner), with the owner receiving only one-third.

Mr. Nahmias argued, on the other hand, that even one-third of the key money did not constitute taxable income as all of the key money constituted consideration in return for his waiver of his rights of possession, as witness the fact that he had paid a much larger sum for another dwelling than he had received for the vacated one. He argued further that there is a difference between the third of the key money which a landlord receives from an outgoing tenant in return for his consent to the transfer of the lease to another tenant, and the key money which a landlord receives for giving over possession of a flat which he himself has occupied; and emphasized that he had returned the key money when he sold the flat and had paid land betterment tax.

The Assessing Officer's decision was upheld by the Haifa District Court and Mr. Nahmias appealed to the Supreme Court.

Mr. G. Nadshi appeared for the appellant and Mr. G. Hassid, Deputy State Attorney, for the respondent.

Judgment

Justice Witkon, who delivered the judgment of the Supreme Court, said that it is an established rule that the key money which a landlord receives is taxable under section 5(1)(f). The assessing officer, therefore, he continued, cannot be expected to do more than interpret the law in the light of economic reality and regard only part of the key money received by a landlord-occupant as profit arising from his property while attributing the remainder to consideration in return for a waiver of rights of possession.

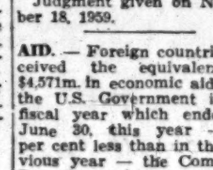
As to the proportions, the assessing officer had quite rightly regarded that part of the key money which an outgoing tenant would ordinarily have received (if there had been a tenant instead of the landlord himself) as not being taxable. In other words, he had exempted the appellant from paying tax on two-thirds of the key-money — and no more could be expected from him. If, Justice Witkon continued, the appellant had not received any key-money at all, then he could most certainly not have been taxed on the presumption that in accordance with general practice he could have received key money. But as he had quite undubitably received key money, he could hardly have cause for complaint because the assessing officer had treated him in accordance with customary and accepted practice. For it is only by virtue of this self-same practice that he was required to pay income tax on a third of the key-money only and not on the whole amount.

Nor, continued Justice Witkon, is it relevant that the appellant paid out all the key money he had received towards the cost of a new flat, for the purpose for which taxable income is used cannot affect its character. Neither is it relevant that the appellant returned the key money to the tenant when he sold the flat insofar as income tax is concerned, although this sum might very well have been deducted as an expense in connection with the land betterment tax (see C.A. 352/57, P.D. 13/60).

Appeal dismissed with IL75 costs.

Judgment given on November 18, 1959.

IT'S THE LAW



CAPITAL expenditure on scientific research for the advancement of an enterprise is deductable from income over a period of five years for Income Tax purposes. (Encouragement of Investment Law, 1959)

AID. — Foreign countries received the equivalent of $4,571m. in economic aid from the U.S. Government in the fiscal year which ended on June 30, this year — six per cent less than in the previous year — the Commerce Department has reported.

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Electricity from Noise, U.S. Inventor Claims

TAMPA, Florida (Reuter). — The invention of a device which is claimed to make electricity from noise was announced by the head of a small electronics firm at a press conference here.

Mr. Eugene Russell, President and chief of research of the Electronic Development Company of Tampa, said that the firm's new invention could replace the generator in a motor car.

He said the device, called a phono-power element, could convert car noises to "furnish enough power to handle lights, air conditioning — everything your car uses except the power to start it."

Tel Aviv Stock Market

NOVEMBER 30, 1959

Pop. Loan 1949/50	—
4% Comp. Loan 56/67	77
Pal Bearer Bds. Ser. 3	98½
3½% Comp. Loan	63
3½% Tavel Dollar	98½
4% Reg. Sterling "A"	104½
Def. Loan Bonds 6½% f)	105
4½% Def. Bonds f)	103½
6½% Def. Bonds g)	100½
6½% Loc. C. Debs. f)	104
6½% Loc. C. Debs. g)	101½
Pal. Elec. pref. sh. (Ldn.)	294
6½% Bonds 58/63 f)	106
ditto g)	111½
Keren Hayesod, U.Isr.Appeal	
6½% Deb. 58/65 f)	104½
6% Deb. 59/68 f)	103
6% Deb. 59/68 f)	102
ditto g)	98½
Isr. Inds. Dev. Bank	
60/69 a f) registered	99½
Igroth 6½% Deb. 58/65	101
Rassco 6½% Deb. 58/64	
Class "A" f)	104½
Class "B" g)	107½
Rassco 6% pref. ord. sh.	100
Bk. Leumi ord. sh.	33½
Bearer Savings Cert. 11'60	99½
Bk. Leumi Investment	
Ord. sh. 'B' reg.	185½
Ata ord. 'B' sh.	140
"Kurdaneh" ord. "B"	138
8% con. debt. 59/68	126½
Teva Ltd.	
ord. shares IL10. reg.	150
Pal. Cold St. (IL10.-) (reg.)	181½
American-Isr. Paper Mill's	
ord. "B" d)	227
Elzur 4% debs. 56/65 reg.	94
Nir 5% pref. sh.	99½
Gen. Mortg. Bk. ord sh.	149½
6½% Debs. 61/68 f)	104½
I.L.D.C. ord. sh. reg.	157
Afr. Pal. Inv. ord. sh. reg.	132½
Moller ord. sh. reg.	1320
Pal.Brewery8%con.debs.rel.	76½
AssiaBejarano ord. 'B'sh.reg.	89½
Nesher 6% debs. "A" 55/64	119
Pal. Potash "A" ord. sh.	95½
Dead Sea Works	350
Delek ord. sh "C"	193
Jordan Exploration Co.	
Ord. "A" sh. reg.	74
Ellern's Investment Corp. Ltd.	
ord. shares (reg.)	212
G.U.S.—Rassco Ltd.	
6½% debs. 61/63(bearer) f)	104½
Housing Loan, "A" 59/68	
4½% (bearer) f)	104½
Housing Loan, "C" 60/69	98½
6% reg. g)	
Cifico Ltd.	
6% debs. 61/64 (bearer) e)	100½

Notes: a) purchasing price; b) selling price; c) ex-coupon; d) ex-dividend; e) ex-right; f) linked with $; g) linked with C.o.L.; —) in % of IL1,800.

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Starts TODAY, December 1 and continues till December 31. Subscribers are kindly requested to make payment early — at I.P.O. Offices, Mann Auditorium, 2nd floor (Rehov Dizengoff entrance), daily 10-1, 4-6; Fridays: 10-1. Payment voucher attached to tickets to be presented. Payment may also be made by post (P.O.B. 11292). Cheques to be made out to the order of "The Israel Philharmonic Orchestra." Payment voucher attached to tickets to be enclosed and 300 Pruta added for registered dispatch of tickets.
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Payments accepted as from TODAY, December 1 (till December 15), at I.P.O. Offices, 33 Rehov Herzl, daily 10-1, 4-6; Fridays: 10-1 according to schedule dispatched.

Notices to the Public

REGISTRATION FOR THE EXAMINATIONS OF LICENSED TOURIST GUIDES

The Government Tourist Corporation announces the commencement of registration for Examinations of Licensed Tourist Guides, to be held in February, 1960, in Jerusalem, Tel Aviv and Haifa.

Registration forms and information concerning the examinations may be obtained from the Government Tourist Corporation, P.O.B. 1018, Jerusalem, and at the Enquiries counters of any of the following offices of the Government Tourist Corporation:—

Jerusalem: 60 King George Ave.
Tel Aviv: 7 Rehov Mendele
Haifa: 2 Balfour Street
Tiberias: 8 Nazareth Street
Nazareth: Galilee Hotel
Beersheba: Beit Ha'am
Eilat: Arkia Grounds

Registration ends on December 31, 1959.
Registration fee is IL5.

DRAWING OF POPULAR LOAN (MILVEH AMAMI) PREMIUM BONDS, 1949

The 44th drawing of the above loan will take place at the Bank of Israel Hall, 69 Rehov Nahlat Binyamin, Tel Aviv, today, December 1, 1959, at 4 p.m.

Admission is free. The public is invited.

LYDDA FLIGHTS

TUESDAY

ARRIVALS: B.E.A. 128, from London, Zurich and Athens — 2355. Air France 136, from Paris and Rome — 2055. El Al 202, from New York, London, Paris and Rome — 2130. Olympic 602, from Athens — 2315. El Al 434, from Brussels and Zurich — 0025.

DEPARTURES: El Al 423, to Athens, Zurich and Brussels — 0700. Olympic 600 to Athens — 0940. B.E.A. 129, to Athens, Zurich and London — 0958. El Al 205, to Rome, Paris, London and New York — 1000. Alitalia 451, to Rome — 1150. K.L.M. 528, to Munich and Amsterdam — 1245. T.W.A. 801, to Rome, Paris and New York — 1245.

EMERGENCY PHARMACIES

JERUSALEM: Oplatka, Mahane Yehuda, Jaffa Rd., 4021.
TEL AVIV: Geula, 10 Allenby, 62275. Ben-Yehuda, 142 Ben-Yehuda, 23535. Frankel, 28 King George, opp. Gan Meir, 23721. Yanai, 67 Yehuda Halevi, 62474.
JAFFA: Glinka, 19 Yefet (No. 4) St., 83429. Yisrael, 34 Tel Hai, Ramat Yitzhak, 72369.
PETAH TIKVA: Fishbein, 6 Hefetz Haim. REHOVOT: Barak, 156 Herzl, 96-1566. HOLON: Tikva, Struma Sq. NATANYA: Hanassi.
HAIFA: Glousman, 13 Balfour, 4033.

EMERGENCY PHYSICIANS

JERUSALEM: Dr. Gal, 24 Hashayarot, Katamon, 71334. Dr. Shor, 45 Rashi.
TEL AVIV: Dr. Eisen, 5 Shimshon, 25748. Dr. Har-Even, 15 Sheinkin, 25411. Dr. Weiss, 78 Dizengoff. Dr. Simon, 43 Keren Kayemet, 51347. Dr. Warren, 15 Sutin, 27027.
HAIFA: Dr. Sherman, 3 Rehov Hanevi'im, 2434.

The Israel Land Development Company Ltd.
Notice is hereby given that an
Extraordinary General Meeting
of the Company will be held at its offices, 18 Hillel St., Jerusalem, on Tuesday, December 22, 1959, at 12 noon, when the subjoined resolution will be proposed:
"That the capital of the Company be increased from IL1,250,000 to IL2,000,000 by the creation of 750,000 additional Ordinary Shares of IL1 each."

Samson Tire and Rubber Company Limited
NOTICE
is hereby given to the members of the Company that
THE ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING
of the Company will be held on December 15, 1959, at 10 a.m. at the Company's office, 8a Rehov Yehuda Halevy, Tel Aviv.
AGENDA:
1. REPORT OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS.
2. BALANCE SHEET AND PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT AS PER MARCH 31, 1959.
3. DECLARATION OF DIVIDENDS.
4. ELECTION OF AUDITORS AND FIXING THEIR FEES.
5. SUNDRIES.
NOTE:
If within half an hour from the time appointed for the meeting a quorum is not present, the meeting shall stand adjourned to the same day next week, i.e. 22nd day of December, 1959, at the same time and place and if at the ad

Today's Postbag

The Weather

FORECAST: General inference ridge of high pressure over East Mediterranean.
WEATHER SYNOPSIS: A ridge of high pressure is over the Eastern Mediterranean.
FORECAST: Fair with a slight rise in temperature.

	*A	B	C	D
Mt. Cana'an	53	2	11	12
Tiberias	—	7	18	21
Haifa Port	56	10	17	19
Natanya	58	9	19	19
Tel Aviv Kirya	55	9	18	19
Tel Aviv Port	40	10	17	18
Lydda Airport	54	8	17	19
Jerusalem	38	4	13	13
Beersheba	61	6	16	18
Eilat	34	9	20	21

*A) Humidity at 8 p.m. B) Minimum temp. C) Maximum yesterday. D) Maximum temp. expected today.

A — Rainfall in m.m. during the 24 hours ending at 8 a.m. yesterday.
B — Total since August 1.

	A	B
Acre	10.6	82.8
Haifa Port	drops	63.7
Natanya	4.0	32.4
Tel Aviv Port	3.5	34.9
Tel Aviv Hakirya	6.5	42.2
Lydda Airport	3.8	27.7
Mt. Cana'an	5.2	59.7
Afula	3.5	20.9
Jerusalem	6.5	22.3
Beersheba	2.3	5.9

ARRIVALS

Mr. Leon Dultzin, head of the Economic Department of the Jewish Agency, from Belgium, where he opened the Keren Hayesod appeal, (by El Al).

Mr. Yosef Almogi, M.K., from a mission in the U.S. for the Histadrut appeal, (by El Al).

Prof. Ernst Bergman, from the U.S., (by El Al).

Mr. Hans Freudenthal, conductor of the Kol Yisrael orchestra, after copducting a series of concerts in the Scandinavian countries, (by El Al).

Mr. G. Kemp, South African expert on inspection of agricultural export products, to advise the Ministry of Agriculture for four months under the U.N. Technical Aid Programme.

Mrs. Leona Achituv, Director of the Guest Department of the Bond Office in Israel, from Europe.

DEPARTURES

Mr. Meyer Weisgal, Chairman of the Executive Council of the Weizmann Institute of Science, for Europe, on Institute affairs, with Mrs. Weisgal.

Mr. Stanley Rothenberg, research head of the CIO-AFL, after a week's visit as guest of the Histadrut, (by Alitalia).

Mr. Bruce Millan, adviser on labour affairs in the U.S. State Department's Near Eastern Division, after four days of consultations with representatives of the Histadrut and the Ministry of Labour, (by Alitalia).

Mr. Louis J. Marsh, USOM marble quarry consultant, on the conclusion of a six-month assignment to advise on the type of equipment to be purchased and used in operating quarries.

Mr. Binyamin Bonne, Manager of Lydda Airport, Mrs. Hannah Shapiro, member of the airport Tourist Office, Inspector Yosef Lichstein, head of the airport police, and Mr. Ephraim Tick, head of the airport Customs, for Rome, to attend the fifth convention of the Department for Better Services of the International Aviation Association, (by Alitalia).

Mr. Ze'ev Nahav, General Manager of Tambour Paints Ltd., for Istanbul, on a sales mission to Turkey, Yugoslavia, Greece and Cyprus, (by El Al).

Mr. Indro Montanelli, correspondent of the Italian newspaper, "Corriere della Sierra," for Rome, after a 15-day visit here, (by Alitalia).

THE ASHKELON Magistrates Court yesterday moved to the town's police station, after the building in which it was located from the Mandatory period was condemned. It will remain in the station until a new court building, whose construction began a month ago, is completed.

• • •

FOR HAVING taken workers on a tractor-drawn trailer without a permit, Uri Reiss of Sde Warburg was yesterday fined IL185 with the alternative of three months' imprisonment, by Magistrate R. Hagen of Petah Tikva.

• • •

29 BOXES of avocadoes worth IL 300 were stolen this week from a grove near Rehovot, according to a complaint lodged with the police by the buyer of the fruit, Mr. Alexander Gorfinkel, of Rishon leZion.

• • •

THE JERUSALEM Labour Council has threatened to call a strike at the B'nai Brith children's home in Bayit veGan if the management persists in its refusal to sign a work agreement covering its 25 employees.

• • •

THE HEAD of the Nazareth Labour Exchange, Mr. Sa'id Khalil, will be among the four-man Histadrut delegation to the International Confederation of the Free Unions to be held in Brussels on Thursday. They leave tomorrow.

• • •

THE ISRAEL Medical Association will hold its 29th national conference in Tel Aviv on December 2-4, the Association spokesman announced in Haifa yesterday.

• • •

THE MINISTER of Interior yesterday signed an order setting up a five-man local council for Moshavat Kinneret's 300 inhabitants. The Moshava is observing its 60th anniversary this year.

• • •

A TANKER trailer exploded at the Savransky Engineering Works in Rehov Nazareth, Haifa, on Monday noon, injuring Dov Yarmelovsky, 20, who had used welding equipment on the empty tanker. He was taken to Rothschild Hospital.

Syrians Sabotage Kinneret Fishing

TIBERIAS. — The Syrians have resumed their practice of systematically sabotaging equipment of local fishermen who are preparing for the new season in the north-eastern section of Lake Kinneret. During the past week they damaged or stole a large number of nets.

A joint investigation by the police U.N. observers and Israel delegates to the M.A.C. established that knives had been used to slash the nets.

33% of Gov't Firms' Debts To Be Converted to Shares

Jerusalem Post Economic Reporter

A third of all future Development Budget investments in Government-owned development industries will be in the form of share capital, while the remaining two thirds will be given in the form of 14-year loans at 5 per cent interest.

An agreement to this effect was recently concluded between the Ministries of Finance and Development and was reviewed at a press conference in Jerusalem yesterday by the Director-General of the Ministry of Development, Mr. Menahem Bader.

The purpose of the new arrangement, Mr. Bader said, was to provide a better balance between loan and share capital, with the eventual goal of increasing share capital to 40-50 per cent of the companies' total capitalization. This is the accepted level in similar basic industries abroad.

The immediate result of such a move would be to increase the companies' dividend earnings at the expense of interest payments, and would thus make them more attractive to non-Government investors.

Conversion of Debts

Other points in the agreement call for the conversion into share capital of one third of the Government investments in the development companies made prior to April 1959, and the consolidation of all the remaining investments into 14 to 20 years obligations at low interest.

Government loans earmarked for the purchase of equipment abroad will be linked to the dollar. However, the firms will have the choice of linking 70 per cent of the loans they receive in Israel Pounds either to the dollar or to the Consumer Price Index.

The terms of the agreement have already been carried out in respect to the Fertilizers and Chemicals Company. Other firms to be included under the terms are: the Dead Sea Works, the Bromine Company, the Phosphates Company, and the Palestine Electric Corporation. While the terms of the agreement are based on a common principle they will be adapted to the different needs and financial positions of each individual company.

Mr. Bader also outlined his Ministry's IL360m. Five Year Plan for further expansion of existing development industries and establishment of new ones. He said that IL230m. would go to expanding existing industries and IL130m. to the development of new industries.

Half from Income

About 50 per cent of this sum would come from the Treasury's income from the existing companies in the form of dividends, interest and taxes, and that about 14 per cent (IL50m.) would easily be found on the money market, he estimated. In such a case the Government Development Budget would only have to put up IL130m. over the five years.

Mr. Bader explained that in effect the plan consisted of two plans — one a conservative one calling for an outlay of IL230m. on the expansion of existing plant, and a second calling for the development of new industries.

In answer to questions, Mr. Bader said that the Ministry's plan had been taken into account to some extent in the preparation of the Ministry of Commerce and Industry's recently published "Prognosis for Industrial Development — 1965." He explained that the difference between the plans of the two Ministries was mainly one of emphasis.

The Ministry of Commerce and Industry put top priority on developing industries that would provide additional jobs for the country's unemployed and new immigrants. The Ministry of Development on the other hand had in the past and would continue in the future to develop basic extractive industries which had not provided many additional jobs but had proven their profitability and their value to the improvement of Israel's trade balance, he declared.

K-F Shuts Down For Lack of Parts

Jerusalem Post Reporter

HAIFA. — Work halted at Kaiser - Frazer's Haifa plant yesterday for lack of parts.

Renault has stopped shipment of parts for the assembly of its Dauphine and Quatre Chevaux, while the American steel workers' strike led to a temporary suspension of jeep part's shipments by the Willys Overland Company.

Today, some 400 workers and office personnel begin a fortnight's leave.

In answer to a question, the Kaiser-Frazer spokesman, Mr. Asher Lazar stated yesterday that the IL500,000 loan which the Government is expected to advance the Company has no connection with the current production difficulties. This credit would be used as working capital to cover car exports, which this year have risen to double the 1958 level.

Weitz and Son to Retain Control, J.N.F. Board Decides

The Jewish National Fund Board of Directors on Sunday approved the recommendations of its Committee of Seven to confirm the appointment of Mr. Sharon Weitz as head of the J.N.F. Afforestation Department and agreed to install Mr. Yosef Weitz as head of a new administrative committee of Board members to "plan and direct the activities of the Land Development Division."

A second administrative committee, to be headed by the Chairman of the Board of Directors, Dr. Avraham Granott, was approved to deal with finance, organization, information and personnel.

The Board also appointed Mr. Shimon Ben-Shemesh as Acting Director of the Land and Development Division. To him "would be transferred the administrative direction of the Division and the authority to implement work as decided upon by the administrative committee" (headed by Mr. Weitz).

From the decisions taken at Sunday's meeting it appears that Mr. Ben-Shemesh will continue to be the administrator (or chief clerk) while Mr. Weitz will continue to be the head both to "plan and to direct."

The Committee of Seven was established by the Board last August following criticism of the appointment of Mr. Sharon Weitz to head the merged afforestation operations of the Government and the J.N.F. within the framework of the Land and Development Division headed by his father, Mr. Yosef Weitz.

It met seven times, and on Sunday submitted its conclusions, which were approved unanimously.

The Committee members were Messrs. A. Harnfeld (chairman), D. Auster, S. Ussishkin, R. Arsi, Y. Ziv-Av, M. Chazani and R. Cohen.

Conclusion

The Committee's conclusions, as approved by the Board, were:

that work carried out by the J.N.F. in the sphere of afforestation, land survey, mapping and measuring, land reclamation and opening up approach roads to new hill development regions, as well as agricultural drainage, is carried out with foresight, professional know-how and administrative efficiency, in a spirit of devotion and great loyalty of the staff;

• that these activities—carried out under the initiative and unflagging guidance of Mr. Yosef Weitz — develop new areas for settlement and extend the country's absorptive capacity; they create new economic sources by exploiting the forest timber and provide a permanent livelihood for thousands of settlers in the development areas; and they also help promote tourism;

Transfer Approved

• that, impressed by J.N.F. afforestation activities, the Committee views favourably the Government decision of October 25, concerning the transfer of afforestation work in State forests from the Ministry for Agriculture to the J.N.F. and suggests that the Board of Directors agree to this transfer;

• that the Board of Directors set up from amongst its members two Administrative Committees with a limited membership: one—to deal with finance, organization, information and personnel — to be headed by Dr. Avraham Granott, Chairman of the Board of Directors; and one — to deal with matters concerning land and its development — to be headed by Mr. Y. Weitz who will plan and direct the activities of the Land and Development Division;

Administrative C'ttees

• that the principal terms of reference of these two Administrative Committees are to determine the programme, approve the work within their jurisdiction and supervise its implementation. The two Administrative Committees will fall under the jurisdiction of the Board of Directors, which remains the supreme authority of the J.N.F.;

• that Mr. Shimon Ben-Shemesh be renominated Acting Director of the Land and Development Division, to whom would be transferred the administrative direction of the Division and the authority to implement work as decided upon by the Administrative Committee;

• that the following administrative break-down be adopted in the Land and Development Division in regard to the sphere of its development activities: a Land Survey Department, an Afforestation Department, a Land Reclamation Department and a Land Drainage Section. Mr. Nachman Alexandrowski would continue as Director of the Land Survey Department; Mr. Sharon Weitz would continue as Director of the Afforestation Department. A Management would be set up in this department consisting of the Director of the Department (Mr. Sharon Weitz) as convenor, the Controller of Forest Reserves (Mr. Baruch Ravitski), and the Controller of Forest Management — exploitation of trees (Engineer Moshe Kollar). With regard to the Land Reclamation Department, now headed by two regional directors, Messrs. Simha Soloveitchik and Lippa Gal, the possibility should be explored of combining all its activities in one department for the whole country;

Cooperation in Research

• that it be taken into account that forestry research, headed by Mr. Amihud Goor, remains within the scope of the Ministry for Agriculture, in accordance with the decision of the Minister of Agriculture. At the same time the Committee is convinced that forestry research should be carried out in full cooperation with practical forestry work;

• that in anticipation of a Land Authority being set up, the question of the other departments at present remaining within the above division should be discussed by the Administrative Committee for Land and Development Affairs;

• that, as in the case of every institution in the World Zionist Organization, the work of all departments of the J.N.F. will also in the future be subject to inspection by the Jewish Agency Controller.

BARCLAYS BANK D.C.O. announces a final dividend of five per cent on ordinary stock, making a total of nine per cent for the year. It is payable on January 5, 1960, and is subject to income tax of 7/9d. in the pound sterling.

Namir to Become Mayor Next Week

Jerusalem Post Reporter

TEL AVIV. — Mr. Mordecai Namir of Mapai is expected to assume the post of Mayor of Tel Aviv-Jaffa early next week, it was learned here on Monday.

The outgoing Mayor, Mr. H. Levanon (General Zionist) has notified Councillor E. Schechter (Mapai) of his readiness to convene the Council if asked to. According to law the outgoing Mayor must convene the Council in order to hand over his post not later than a fortnight after the official publication of the election results.

They are to be published in *Reshumot* today (Tuesday).

Mr. Namir will head a 17-man — and possibly a 19-member — coalition out of a 31-man city council. On Monday the representatives of Mapai, Mapam and Ahdut Ha'avoda concluded their coalition agreements under which Mr. Y. Heled (Ahdut) will be Deputy Mayor and head of a department, and Mr. H. Ramot (Mapam) will receive a department and will join the Municipal Executive.

It in understood that the National Religious faction head, Mr. Y. Boyer, is likely to join the coalition and is to be confirmed in his deputy mayoralty following a meeting to be held soon.

Mapai to Discuss Twin Mayors in Jerusalem

Mapai headquarters in Jerusalem will meet on Tuesday or Wednesday to discuss rotation of the mayoralty.

It is believed that the scheme, if found acceptable to Mapai, would apply only to a coalition with Agudat Yisrael. So far the National Religious Party has indicated that it would not accept rotation.

3-Day Haga Drill Begins Today in T.A.

TEL AVIV. — Anti-aircraft guns will be placed on roofs here during the three-day Haga manoeuvres beginning today. The public in the Tel Aviv Haga District is requested to follow all instructions given by wardens.

KNESSET

(Continued from Page One)

Knesset was being opened at a time when the hopes of world peace were on the increase, Mr. Nir said that Israel would lend its moral strength to every constructive effort likely to lead to peace between nations. At the same time he called upon all arms-producing countries — and particularly the Soviet Union — not to put arms in the hands of states and rulers who do not want either peace or negotiations about peace.

Mr. Nir made his declaration of allegiance as a Knesset Member — "I pledge myself to bear allegiance to the State of Israel and faithfully to discharge my mandate in the Knesset."

He then read the text once more, and each member rose in turn and declared: "I so pledge." The names were called in alphabetical order by the Knesset Clerk, Mr. M. Rosetti. The first name was that of one of the seven Arab Members, Mr. Labib Abu-Rukun.

Mr. Luz was nominated for the Speakership by Mr. Akiva Govrin, the Mapai Whip. There were no other nominations. After announcing the vote, Mr. Nir shook his hand and turned over the session to him.

The new Speaker thanked the House for the honour bestowed on him, and promised to act without bias and in accordance with the dictates of his conscience alone. He expected the Members to do their utmost to maintain the dignity of the Knesset.

Mr. Luz expressed the hope that the new Knesset would see the strengthening of Israel's international position, its security and economy, and the advancement of its task of "ingathering of the scattered ones of Israel into the State of Israel."

A 22-man Organizing Committee, representing all parties was nominated by Mr. Govrin and was elected without opposition. The committee, which will decide on the distribution of committee seats, committee chairmanships, and the Deputy Speakerships, held its first meeting last night.

The Knesset will meet today at 11 a.m.

בית ציוני אמריקה

Tomorrow, Dec. 2, at 8.30 p.m.
Under the distinguished patronage of
Mr. Pavlos Pamdermalis
Diplomatic Representative of Greece
PIANO RECITAL
by the world famous Pianist
Marika Papaionou
Thursday, Dec. 3, at 8.30 p.m.
The Little Theatre
presents
Ta-ra-ra-boom-de-ay
Old Time Music Hall
Tickets obtainable at the Z.O.A. House, Schlesinger & Springer, Rococo, Kanaf.

Bus Trips from J'lem to Tel Aviv For Habimah's 'Old Lady'

Jerusalem Post Reporter

Jerusalemites wishing to see Habimah's "The Old Lady's Visit" will be taken to Tel Aviv and back by special Egged bus for a IL5 ticket which includes a booked seat in the Habimah Theatre.

Because the play is drawing full houses in Tel Aviv, it will not come to the Capital until January, Cahana's, the Jerusalem ticket agency, told *The Post*.

Mr. Cahana also said that the play's special effects in the Habimah Theatre were virtually unobtainable on the local Edison Hall's stage.

The theatrical excursions to Tel Aviv will be held on December 5, 8 and 9. They will be the first trips of this kind, though a similar scheme was arranged for the I.P.O.'s presentation of "Falstaff."

The Tel Aviv theatres are ready to come to Jerusalem so long as there is an audience, he claimed. Habimah continues to come on an average once every three weeks. The Chamber Theatre, however, has cut down its Jerusalem performances to about one every five weeks instead of three weeks, following its economy measure reducing the simultaneous running of two plays. Ohel plays about once in two months.

Of today's Jerusalem audiences, Mr. Cahana said that young people patronized the Sambatyon, Batzal Yarok and Nahal troupes; Habimah was the biggest draw for adults; while Yiddish performances had a strong following. The orthodox were firm patrons of Dzigan and Shumacher — when attending they invariably booked the more unobtrusive places in the gallery.

For Hanukka, the Capital will have a crowded theatrical programme, Mr. Cahana said. It will consist of the following: December 24 — Habimah's "The Trees Die Standing"; 26th — the Immigrants' Theatre with a musical comedy "Rumanian Wedding" (in Hebrew); 27th — the Israel Opera with Madame Butterfly; 28th — Dzigan and Shumacher; 29th — Do-Re-Mi in "The Two Koni Lemels" (seventh time in Jerusalem); 30th—I.P.O. fourth series; 31st — the Chamber Club Quartet; January 2, — Batzal Yarok.

Ida Kaminska's Warsaw Jewish State Theatre will play in Jerusalem on January 3, 4 and 5.

Next month's opera performance will be the Capital's first for 38 years. In the 'twenties, the former Israel Opera company under Galinkin regularly held its premieres in Jerusalem even though its home theatre was in Tel Aviv.

Franco-Israel

(Continued from Page One)

tween research institutions, both sides undertake to facilitate mutual visits of scientists and experts in the fields of agricultural, industrial, and administrative development, in order to compare results of experience gained in both countries.

Both parties will create facilities for the exchange of antiquities and museum pieces, as well as information connected with research and knw-how in the field of archaeology, the maintenance of historic sites, manuscripts, and archives. Both sides will also make efforts to disseminate their culture in the other country by means of concerts, exhibitions and artistic performances and will also offer allowances for book distribution, periodicals, films, records, and radio and televisions broadcasts.

Both governments agree to the practical execution of the principle of bestowing equal status for diplomas in their cultural institutions.

The accord is valid for five years, after which it will be automatically renewed for another five years, unless it is decided to cancel it six months before it runs out.

Five Appendices

Under Appendix 1, the Israel Government agrees to accord preference to French in foreign language study. On the other hand, the French Government undertakes to recognize Hebrew as a living language and to introduce it as one of the foreign languages accepted for baccalaureat exams. Appendix 2 notes that Israel will encourage French as the first foreign language in secondary school education while France undertakes, in deference to a request by the Israel Government to provide all possible facilities for training Israel teachers for instruction in the French language. Appendix 3 notes that Israel will see to it that French is introduced in primary schools as a foreign language.

Appendix 4 deals with the sale of French books in Israel at prices prevailing in France. Israel, for her part, will as far as possible facilitate sale at the above terms.

ADRIA NIGHT CLUB
101 Dizengoff Passage, Tel Aviv
TONIGHT and EVERY NIGHT
The world famous French singing sensation

Dany Doberson
and complete programme with
DUCICARLO AND HIS BAND
Italian and French cuisine. Please reserve your table in advance, Tel. 81340

Israel XI Leaves For Asian Cup

LYDDA AIRPORT. — The Israel Soccer Selected was scheduled to leave for India late last night by Air France to participate in the Asian People's Cup Games. The Selected took along gifts valued at IL2,000 for the teams it will meet.

The 18 footballers and six escorts will fly 16 hours, with stop-overs at Teheran, New Delhi and Madras. On Wednesday night, they will arrive at Cochin, where the games will take place.

On the way back, the Israel team hopes to meet the Burmese Selected. A telegram sent by the Israel Football Association to the Burmese F.A. suggested a meeting in Rangoon on December 19 or 20.

Their itinerary also includes one day as guests of the Bombay Maccabi Team, which has asked to play the Selected.

The delegation will return to Israel in three weeks.

Tamir Claims Shura Charges All Proved

The 12 days allotted by the Supreme Court to the appeal of Shurat Hamitnadvim against the Tel Aviv District Court judgment of guilty of libelling Mr. Amos Ben-Gurion have ended, but Mr. S. Tamir, Counsel for the appellants, did not complete his argument yesterday. The Court decided after consultation to give him another two hours to finish his reply next Monday.

According to Mr. Tamir, the defence had proved every word that the Shura had written about the plaintiff, Deputy Inspector-General of Police, in connection with the closing of Yarkoni's file in the Irso affair. Its only error was that the charge of "inflated" accounts should have read not 25 per cent, but 38 per cent.

The Shura had proved that the file had been arbitrarily closed by Mr. Ben-Gurion as a gesture of friendship for Yarkoni while aware that Yarkoni was a police suspect.

"What we intended to say we said openly. There are enough concrete charges in our pamphlet and there is no call in trying to read between the lines in a search for what it does not contain."

When Mr. M. Caspi, for the plaintiff, took issue with Mr. Tamir, the President of the Court, Justice Agranat, calmed them by saying that they would have to rely on the Court's persuing the material.

Suspended Sentence For Killing Husband

A woman who shot and killed her husband while he was trying to see if she still remembered how to use a pistol was given a six months suspended sentence in the Jerusalem District Court on Monday.

"He pressed me to shoot. I didn't aim at him. I just pulled the trigger and he fell," is how Mrs. Eva Tseller, 26, described the events of that night three years ago in the couple's Ashkelon home.

Her husband, Walter, was fatally wounded in the abdomen.

The prosecution altered an original charge of manslaughter to causing death through negligence when Mrs. Tseller agreed to plead guilty to the latter.

Mrs. Tseller has since remarried and has two children by her second husband. She was flown north to attend the hearing at police expense, since she claims that she would have been otherwise unable to come.

Extra IL3m. Asked To Aid Mentally Ill

Jerusalem Post Reporter

TEL AVIV. — The Government's Mental Health Services are asking for an additional IL3m. budget for the rehabilitation of the ever-growing number of mental cases and expansion of facilities for their hospitalization.

Dr. Louis Miller, head of the Mental Health Services in the Ministry of Health, told the press on Monday that he had applied for IL11.2m. for the 1960/61 fiscal year, as compared to the IL8.2 allocated this year.

There are 4,850 mental cases in institutions — a rate of 2.4 per 1,000 of population — while the number of persons requiring treatment was increasing at the rate of 1.1 per 1,000 population per year, Dr. Miller said. The additional funds were needed to expand Government institutions as much as possible and to excercise extensive supervision over private ones — which held about half of the countries' mental cases — where medical and hygienic conditions often left much to be desired.

It is planned to add 235 new beds to existing hospitals next year, the same number as in 1959/60. It is also proposed to establish seven additional out-patient clinics near existing hospitals to take care of minor cases or patients discharged from mental homes who still need occasional treatment or guidance.

The Ministry has also undertaken to finance part of the training of young psychiatrists and has allocated IL80,000 to send 11 graduates of the Hebrew University Medical School for four years post-graduate work.

3-Year-Old Drowns In Lydda Wadi

Jerusalem Post Reporter

LYDDA. — A three-year-old boy, Shmuel Komido, drowned on Monday in a wadi near his home.

Shmuel was permitted to play alone in the back yard while his mother took care of his two smaller brothers. He went out as usual on Monday morning.

Unable to find him at midmorning, Mrs. Komido called the police.

Towards noon, a search party of police and civilians found the boy's body in a wadi, 80 metres from the house. The wadi is one metre deep and two metres wide.

New Board Elected For Itim Agency

TEL AVIV. — A new Board of Directors was chosen here on Monday at the general meeting of representatives of newspapers who are shareholders of *Itim*, the local news agency.

Members of the Board comprise Messrs. J. Zymberg, M. Lapidoth, T.R. Lurie, J. Karni and S. Segal. Messrs. J. Eliash and J. Ros were elected to the Control Committee.

The meeting, under the chairmanship of Mr. Eliash, approved the reports of the outgoing Board, which was in office for 15 months, and the Control Committee.

U.S. 'DEATH ROW' FILM BANNED

The United Artists' film, "Last Mile," has been banned by the Film Censorship Board on grounds of "sadism, cruelty and murder."

The film, which stars Mickey Rooney, depicts a "death row" in a prison of men awaiting electrocution, their fears, and their attempt to escape by the cold-blooded killing of the warder.

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The Medical Director, Hamei Tiberia, Hamat.

New Deal Aims at Cutting Juvenile Crime in Capital

By MACABEE DEAN, Jerusalem Post Reporter

Juvenile delinquents in Jerusalem — which has the highest delinquency rate of any of the large towns —are getting a "new deal" starting today, Tuesday, when a special Juvenile Section of the Police Force begins to function. It is headed by Inspector Yitzhak Ebel.

The new deal is based on several factors:

• The juveniles will, insofar as humanly possible, never come in contact with a policeman in uniform, only with plain-clothesmen;

• These plain-clothesmen will be specially trained — the courses are being held at Allenby Barracks — in handling children. They have been selected for their "patience, understanding quiet personalities and ability to get along with children."

• Young suspects will be questioned in separate premises, in Rehov Shlomzion Hamalka, several blocks from Police headquarters, and will be greated not by a policeman in uniform, but a room full of toys, reading and drawing materials. (Sweets will also be distributed.)

• The non-police atmosphere is maintained thruughout the premises, with even the walls being painted a soothing yellow, not a harsh "police gray."

Police Want to Help

"All this is aimed at allowing the police investigator to gain the confidence of the youngster — boys from 9-16, girls from 9-18 — and show them that we want to help them," Inspector Ebel said.

He added that many parents create a "bogey" out of the policeman, threatening their children that they "will call the police" for the smallest infraction of home discipline. Gradually, the police uniform becomes a symbol of fear, hindering police attempts to make contact with the youngster.

In September and October of this year there was a sharp rise in the number of juvenile crimes—which threatens to offset the drop during the earlier eight months—and also in their severity.

"Some of the housebreakings bore all the hallmarks of hardened professionals," Mr. Ebel said. "This is particularly distressing, for all our 'big names in crime began as juveniles."

Sixty per cent of all crimes against property — housebreaking, thefts and pickpocketing — are the work of juveniles.

One of the innovations of the Section will be wide-scale preventive work. The Section hopes to act as a "liaison" office between all institutions active in the field, centralising and coordinating their activities. Eventually it hopes to embark on a programme of its own. The latter will deal mainly with pulling the youngsters off the streets by establishing sports groups and clubs.

POST Toy Fund Gets First Doll

The first doll arrived at Toy Fund H.Q. yesterday afternoon. She was made by Grandmother Grushka of Jerusalem. Dressed from top to toe she has her own lined basket-box bed, with pillows and a small comforter. And as Grandmother Grushka's Toy Fund emblem was pinned on she promised that another one would be coming along shortly.

With yesterday's contributions the Toy Fund total is now IL1,589.100 (total was incorrectly printed in yesterday's Paper) and the list of contributors includes:

IL50 I.C.I. (Israel) Ltd., Tel Aviv.
IL25 Anonymous, Jerusalem.
IL15 Messrs. I.B.C. Amsterdam.
IL10 Mr. and Mrs. Abe and Judith Chosack, Haifa. Doron Weissbrot, Tel Aviv. The Eytan Family "Welcome to Eliezer and Ela." Dr. and Mrs. Theodore Grushka of Jerusalem, for their grandchildren Ilan and Talia Grushka, Tsur and Joav Porat and Moshe Ofer.
IL5 Terry Shulster, New York (on her ninth birthday). Les Kantrow, N.N., Jerusalem.

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The Ministry of Labour Housing Division
The Union of Engineers & Architects in Israel
Tonight, at 8.30
A meeting with members of the mission of the E.C.E. Housing Committee, of the U.N.
at Beit Sokolow.
The members of the mission are:
M. Bonnome, Inspector-General, Chief of the General Inspection Service of the Ministry of Construction, of France.
M. Paquay, Administrator of the National Housing Institute, of Belgium.
Signor Italo di Lorenzo, Inspector-General of the Ministry of Public Works, of Italy.
Mr. Annonsen, Chief Statistical and Planning Division, of Norway.
Dr. Umrath, Secretary of the Housing Committee of the Organization of Free Professions in Europe, of Holland.
The meeting will be opened by M. Bonnome who will speak on
French and other European Urban Building Techniques.
Members of the mission will reply to questions.

Give Generously To The
11th ANNUAL

OF
THE JERUSALEM POST

THURSDAY DRAW OF MIF'AL HAPAYIS

THE JERUSALEM POST

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Tuesday, October 1, 1959 26Tishrei,5720, 30JumadaAwal,1379

THE pessimists were saying that the honeymoon between France and Israel was over. Relations between the two countries have indeed gone beyond the honeymoon period — to the stage where, notwithstanding an occasional misunderstanding such as may occur even in the ideal *ménage*, a happy event has just been announced. We refer, of course, to the signing in Paris of the Franco-Israel cultural agreement.

A HAPPY EVENT

In its broad interpretation of the term culture, this pact is unique of its kind. It sets down a programme of cooperation embracing every sphere of creative as well as academic life — from A to Z, from agriculture and art and biology onwards to letters and physics and zoology.

This spiritual offspring of Franco-Israel amity promises well, for it is soundly constituted. Each nation has a great spiritual heritage; our two civilizations are founded on a kindred humanism — respect for the freedom and dignity of man — but in other respects our ways of life differ, albeit only to the extent where they are complementary. It is surely impossible to conceive of a finer addition to Jewish ethics than French aesthetics, intellectual ardour graced with outward refinement.

Both partners stand to benefit greatly by the proposed cultural interpenetration. There will be give-and-take. What have we to offer France in return for her highly developed, rich civilization? Our spiritual values are at once more ancient and younger. As M. Mendes-France pointed out in his lecture at the Hebrew University last week, our pioneering efforts to fertilize the desert, to revivify our people, to establish an original pattern of social justice, might well be applied to the underdeveloped African countries newly emancipated within the framework of the French Community. If our Biblical tradition is already closely interwoven with the fabric of Western civilization, modern Hebrew and our contemporary literature are little known beyond our narrow borders. We cannot foresee how many French students will now avail themselves of the opportunity to learn Hebrew at school and in the universities; but there is every reason to believe that French Jewish children, with a little urging from their parents, will take to Hebrew. The acquisition of a common language is essential in the indispensable bridge-building that remains to be done between Israel and the Diaspora communities.

Culture is a nation's ultimate title to international influence, and President de Gaulle's policy of grandeur rests upon recognition of this truth, although in an imperfect world other more material considerations must also be taken into account. It is clear that France fully appreciates the worth of Israel as the one stronghold of Western democracy in the Middle East. It is equally clear that France will continue to try, as she has been doing under President de Gaulle's leadership, to regain her lost cultural positions in Egypt and other Arab countries. The more she succeeds, the more pleased we shall be, for the way to peaceful coexistence and eventually fruitful collaboration with our neighbours lies through their enlightenment.

In this context, the Renault affair may be seen for what it is — a regrettable mishap. It cannot be in the French interest to knuckle under to obscurantist Arab animosities. Still less will it suit France, when she restores peace in Algeria to cast a shadow over the Moghreb by involvement with pan-Arab machinations, whether at the expense of Israel or anyone else.

Certain it is that the Franco-Israel friendship is here to stay. We are very glad that this is so.

Communitarian Regime for India

New Movement, Led by Narayan, Seeks to Win Over Nehru

By CYRIL DUNN

NEW DELHI (OFNS). — A PLAN for a new political order in India in which there will be no Prime Minister has been drawn up by Jayaprakash Narayan who, until a few years ago, many Indians thought was the one man able to take the place of Jawaharlal Nehru. (Incidentally, Israelis will remember that Narayan visited this country last year.)

Ever since India became free, Nehru has held a unique place in the life of his country. He has kept millions of bewildered and anxious people together, not by his policies — with which many Indians disagree — but by his personality.

There are those who believe that Nehru's isolation has been necessary as an eminence visible and reassuring to everyone. But a wise man has compared the Prime Minister with India's huge and sacred banyan tree: an auspicious growth in itself, but not one in whose shade anything else grows to any great height. And this is a matter about which many Indians, looking towards the future, are unhappy and concerned.

Drastic Reformer

Who is to succeed Nehru gives more exercise to the Indian mind than any other political question, and none seems more hopelessly unanswerable. Jayaprakash Narayan, a graduate of Wisconsin University, once a Marxist and then a Democratic Socialist, withdrew from party politics altogether six years ago to conceive a new Indian polity in meditation and fasting. Now he has come out with a solution for the problem and the solution is to abolish it.

This drastic reformer is a man of the same magnetic sort as Nehru himself, commanding in India a similar veneration. But Narayan himself rejects this kind of leadership as wrong for India. His new society, which he calls Communitarian, would turn the present arrangement upside down. Discarding the existing political hierarchy completely, it would confer an almost absolute political power upon the people of each Indian village.

India is still essentially a rural country. There are big cities, of course. Generally speaking, they are overcrowded, chaotic and unclean. But they are also the seats of power from which an "educated elite" of about 400,000 pretty well dominates the lives of 400,000,000 people.

Narayan thinks this a cockeyed system, unjustified, unworkable, and bound to fail. He says the real communal life of India is to be found in its 600,000 villages, where 80 per cent of the people still live.

Village Republics

He does not pretend to discover anything ideal or even attractive in these insanitary rural junk-heaps. He agrees that the villagers are usually supine in their soualor and apathetic about India's great plans for reconstruction. And he says that this is because they are not allowed to "participate," that benefits are offered to them only by Government officials who do not belong to the village community, and more often than not despise it. And for this he blames the system of Parliamentary democracy India has inherited from the West.

Narayan holds this to be all the more deplorable because for centuries, he says, "the little village republics" of India were vigorous, proud and very nearly self-sufficient. Their democracy was so stable and efficient that no invasion ever very seriously disturbed or changed it — until the British came. Then an irresistibly powerful bureaucratic system crushed it out of existence and so left India with a multitudinous peasantry which is lost and dazed, and which must be roused again if India is to become, in freedom, a great and living nation.

So Narayan proposes the total decentralization of democratic power. Each village community will govern itself with no interference of any kind from above. In regional groups they will aim at economic self-sufficiency. But the council which controls the region will have no right to intrude upon the political freedom of the village. What is now a pyramid of power reaching up to Nehru and all the Ministers will become a system of "oceanic rings," each represented by a council bigger only because its area of responsibility is bigger, but not in any sense more powerful. The last ring of all will be the National Council, which will look after foreign relations, defence and so on, but will have virtually no say in domestic affairs.

In this new system there will be no political parties, because they cause conflict, and so no democratic elections, which are an expression of conflict. Council members will be chosen "by general agreement," as they were in ancient India. Where this plan breaks down, the candidates for office will simply draw lots.

Narayan believes that people can lead free, full and happy lives only if they belong to small groups and run things themselves. Fragmentary power delegated to them by an all-mighty Top is no use. He regrets that "the monstrous cities" cannot now be demolished, but he hopes that no more will be allowed, and he sees the salvation of the existing ones only in their conversion into federations of small communities.

This reformer rejects Communism simply because it has failed everywhere in the world to give the common man what it promised to him. He also rejects Western democracy, partly because he thinks it ignores the true nature of human society, but mainly because it is based upon the economics of materialism and so upon the belief that man becomes happier only as he acquires more and more. In Narayan's Communitarian India the people will share whatever they produce and will voluntarily limit their wants.

The 'Real India'

Narayan denies that he is a Simple-Lifer, bent on taking India back into some impossible bucolic idyll of the past. His small communities will not remain the squalid, smelly villages of contemporary India; he will simply use them as the basis of his decentralized reconstruction, because by happy historical chance they have survived physically, even if their old character has been destroyed. He by no means rejects modern technology. Indeed, he argues that atomic energy makes his plan possible, because with this as a source of power small but highly effective industrial units can be built anywhere. His small communities, he says, will be agro-industrial and urbo-rural.

In India, such a plan, coming from a man who already commands so much authority, may well cause quite a stir, especially now. Almost every Indian is a villager at heart, never wholly forgetting his small ancestral home in the countryside. It is universally agreed that the village represents "the Real India" and that, in spite of all her current and gigantic efforts, India will get nowhere unless the enthusiasm and understanding of the village people can somehow or other be awakened. There is, moreover, an obvious uneasiness, even in the "educated elite," about immense Five-Year Plans which so many authorities believe will never overtake India's ever-growing population and which, even after the Third Plan, will still leave millions without work or a real share in society.

Chinese Threat

Above all, Indians regret that at some point those in authority strayed away from the simple idealism of the Mahatma Gandhi, that spare and self-denying saint in a loin-cloth who won for Indians their freedom. No doubt many of today's great Ministers of State are altruistic men, giving themselves to the service of the people. But there are others whose sole aim is patently their own aggrandisement. Against their neglect of their duty towards the common people, and its effect on that national unity and morale with which alone India may hope confidently to meet the threat from Communist China, there has lately been a great wave of anger and disgust, even inside Nehru's Congress Party.

These men wear the Gandhi cap and the simple *dhoti*, but they drive through the mud villages of India in great cars, flying self-important flags and armed sentries parade wherever they and their families spend the night.

Set beside such Ministers as these, Jayaprakash Narayan has obvious virtues. With that modern saint, Vinoba Bhave, he belongs to the *sarvodaya* movement, which seeks to bring about the rise and the good of all by cooperation, sharing and love, and to which 5,000 middle-class Indians have already dedicated the whole of their lives. Narayan wants this army of selfless volunteers to be enlarged to hundreds of thousands. And he thinks Pandit Nehru should now resign as Prime Minister to join and lead them.

Ghana Diplomat Urges Greater Mutual Understanding

By VICTOR GYGIELMAN

TEL AVIV. — "YOU misjudge the Ghanaians if you believe that we let propaganda influence us so easily," Mr. Kwaku Asante, the Charge d'Affaires of Ghana in Israel, told me.

"Of course it would be ridiculous to claim that foreign propaganda, such as that of the Arabs, is not at work in Ghana. But it would be oversimplification to explain the recent anti-Israel demonstrations in my country in terms of Arab propaganda alone. Rather than lay the blame at Cairo's door, one might perhaps be better advised to examine the apparently trivial affair around which Mr. Aduhene built his anti-Israel speech in the Parliament in Accra."

"You mean his alleged expulsion from the Ramat Aviv Hotel?"

"Precisely. Several deputies had something unfavourable to say about Israel that day. But while the others restricted themselves to criticism of the award of a cement sales contract to an Israel firm against what they believed to be the interests of Ghanaian middlemen, Mr. Aduhene, referring to his personal experiences in Israel, attacked the Jewish State in general and warned his Government to be wary of Israel and the Jews. For a superficial observer it was all 'an attack on Israel' but in fact Aduhene was the only one to revile Israel as such. Why?"

Mr. Asante continued:

"I went to the trouble of making a little personal enquiry to get at the origin of Aduhene's indignation. In brief, here are the facts: he arrived in this country at the very height of the tourist season, and all the hotels, especially in Tel Aviv, were booked up. Yet although he himself had changed the timetable of his stay, his hosts succeeded in getting accommodation for him at the Ramat Aviv, though only for one day. He knew he would have to move after 24 hours.

"The next day, a bit before noon, the desk called him to tell him that check-out time was 12 o'clock. He asked whether he could stay till after dinner and was told that this was impossible. Did he read a hostile meaning into the hotel clerk's words? Had the latter spoken up with just a touch of sharpness? I don't know, but whatever the case may be Mr. Aduhene concluded that he was being thrown out."

"But how can Israel be responsible for the good manners of some of its hotel employees?"

Mr. Asante agreed laughingly, but explained:

"No, I described the Aduhene affair in detail for another reason: because it makes it possible to understand the Ghanaians' mentality better. As Charge d'Affaires, my task is to work for the continuous improvement of relations between our two countries. But this improvement is a function, among others, of mutual understanding of our respective mentalities, and here, you see, those Israelis who have no tradition of racial discrimination do not always realize certain aspects of the Africans' susceptibility. Africans who go to Europe or America often come up against certain discriminatory practices, which makes them particularly sensitive to the way they are treated in hotels.

"You see the problem? Awkwardness is easily interpreted as ill-will. You know that many Ghanaians, deputies and others, have been charmed by the reception they got in Israel. But human beings are like this: they speak very softly when they are happy, and cry very loud when they think, rightly or wrongly, that they have been slighted."

(By arrangement with L'Information)

"Miss Ghana" typifies the charm and dignity of her people

Readers' Letters

COLD COMFORT

Editor, The Jerusalem Post

Sir,—The cold weather has once more restored the kerosene vendor to his birthright, which is evidently to distribute as much of this heat-giving fluid to as many people as possible with the least inconvenience to himself.

The more distant suburbs of Jerusalem are once more at the mercy of his whims and fancies. A tanker races in once a week; the day and hour are usually a secret known only to the vendor. By means of vigorous bell ringing one of his minions endeavours to assemble as many people as possible in one spot, even if this is a hundred yards from the customer. If a sufficient number of customers stand their ground and the vendor still has enough of the precious fluid to sell, he will condescend to meet the customer half-way. And if the customer has missed this glorious opportunity, he has to wait and shiver for another week.

I suggest that kerosene distribution is badly in need of reform and it is up to the authorities to take up the matter. It is essential that there should be at least one station — it could be a store — in a neighbourhood where it would be possible to purchase a gallon of kerosene during shopping hours. An out-of-town suburb should be visited at least twice a week, with the time and date duly publicized. This is not to speak of the reform badly needed in the actual sale of the kerosene, properly refined, in hygienic containers, about which much has been written but nothing done.

Yours, etc.
ARYEH NEWMAN

Bayit Vegan,
Jerusalem, November 26.

READERS' KINDNESS

Editor, The Jerusalem Post

Sir, — I am very glad to tell you that many of your readers responded to my appeal, which you so kindly published in your columns, for stamps for my 10½-year-old daughter, Magda, who is ill with a heart ailment. It has made my daughter very happy, and for me, her mother, it was very heartening to realise that your compatriots are so friendly.

My daughter and I wanted to express our gratefulness in a personal letter to each of your readers — and we did answer many of those who wrote us — but we received so many that, much as we should like to, it is simply impossible to reply to them all.

I therefore want, through your columns, to apologize to those of your readers who did not hear from us and who might have been offended. I hope they will understand that we are grateful to them but find it materially impossible to answer them all.

Once again, may I thank you, and the readers of *The Jerusalem Post* for their very friendly gesture.

MME. G. L. A. DERMAUT
Yours, etc.

Brumbodegem, Belgium,
October 28.

JEWISH CONSCIENCE

Editor, The Jerusalem Post

Sir, — The prison sentences of Shmuel Malinki and Gabriel Dehan have again been reduced.

A great disservice to the shaping of a new Israel has been rendered by this unjustified move.

The Jewish people cannot allow itself to tolerate or to excuse the murder of innocent children, women and men, for then we will destroy much of what the Jewish

Yours, etc.
H. W. KAISER-BLUTH

Tel Aviv, November 21.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

Editor, The Jerusalem Post

Sir, — As a member of the recent U.J.A. Mission, and as the National Chairman of the U.J.A., it was my pleasure and privilege to preside at the final business session of the Mission, at the Zion Hotel, on November 18.

The Mission was very graciously received in this country and I tried to extend the thanks of its officers and members to all parties who worked so very hard to make our Mission a pleasant and successful one. Quite inadvertently and by oversight, and to my great regret and embarrassment, I failed to mention one who has been and is a very good friend of mine, Mr. Chaim Vinitsky of the U.J.A. Israel Office, and his very fine staff, all of whom worked endlessly in planning our Mission and spared neither time nor energy in working with us to make it a success. I therefore feel that the least I can do for myself, as chairman of the meeting that evening, and for and on behalf of the Mission, is to take this opportunity to acknowledge publicly our appreciation and gratitude for the splendid service rendered by Mr. Vinitsky and his staff.

May I once again thank *The Jerusalem Post* for the very fine coverage which it gave our Mission.

Yours, etc.
ALBERT A. LEVIN
National Chairman
of the U.J.A.

Jerusalem, November 25.

HEARD ABROAD

The Anglo-Saxons are full of complexes. We do not have complexes in Italy. — Signor Roberto Rossellini.

It does not make much difference to us whether we are bombed from close range or from afar. What we want is not to be bombed at all. — Mr. Averoff, Greek Foreign Minister.

YESTERDAY'S PRESS

Fourth Knesset Prologue

MAINTAINING a tradition of liberalism and democratic parliamentarism in this corner of the world, writes **Ha'aretz** (non-party) as it greets the opening of the Fourth Knesset, is no small achievement. Because of that, we should strive to develop this institution into an effective instrument of civic education.

Lamerhav (Ahdut Ha'avoda) points out that our region seems to have remained untouched by the winds of peace and conciliation blowing throughout the world. Our position is much more severe than when the Third Knesset opened four years ago. The new assembly is weighed down from the start with a grievous responsibility which the paper hopes it will meet successfully.

Haboker (General Zionist) writes that it is no calamity that the Knesset convenes before the new Government is set up. In effect, the parties making up the new coalition with Mapai will be merely decorative, yet it is clear that none of them will be satisfied with being mere stooges. It is hoped that the new Government will find a common aim in working for the country's welfare.

Al Hamishmar (Mapam) contends that the new composition of the Knesset confirms the need for a labour coalition — though with a degree of independence for every faction. This is a fundamental truth that no amount of Mapai manoeuvrings can explain away.

Herut, averring that its party is taking up its position in the new Knesset as the only real opposition, vows to be on the alert as a constant check, and reiterates its warning that respect will be met with respect and abuse with abuse.

Yediot Aharonot calls for an end to sfuts and mudslinging in our political life.

Davar (Histadrut), tracing the evolution of Arab animosity that is forcing us to be on constant alert, points out that Mr. Ben-Gurion's proposal to extend the "Khrushchev Doctrine" of total disarmament to the Middle East was meant to make peaceful development possible for this country at last. But the Arabs turned his offer down: does that not prove who it is that dreams of aggression and who must be on constant guard against attack?

Davar (Histadrut) writes that all friends of the Jewish National Fund and the State of Israel will welcome the findings of the Committee of Seven that J.N.F. affairs are being conducted efficiently and under the watchful eye of the Jewish Agency Controller.

AT THE CINEMA

Mighty Protest

THE situation which brought about **This Land is Mine** (Armon, Haifa) has passed into history but, seen again today more objectively, it still forms a mighty protest against the subjugation of one people by another. The personages all behave very humanly; no blame is imputed, in the film, to the mother who betrays the freedom fighter in order to save her son. Still, the dramatic element is satisfied, and Charles Laughton's great courtroom speech, which supplies a fitting climax to the film, is woven perfectly into the development. It is a film that should not be missed.

H. S.W.

Top Dog

Across the Bridge (Migdalor, Tel Aviv, second week) is based on a story by Graham Greene. Well acted and competently directed, it is a thriller with a sufficiently plausible plot.

Rod Steiger's performance as a fraudulent financier is convincing; David Knight and Maria Landi are good in the roles of a young couple who get involved in the drama; the Mexican chief of police (Noel Willman) is very good; the dog, Dolores, who plays a key part, has a far more expressive pair of eyes than many a human film star.

S.W.

Industrialists and Artisans
are invited to the
3RD EXHIBITION OF BELGIAN MACHINERY, TOOLS AND INDUSTRIAL EQUIPMENT.
Among exhibits: machinery on view for the first time in Israel.
The exhibition is open daily at Beit Hadar, between the hours of 9-1 and 3-7.

MARGINAL COMMENT

Kassem's 'Establishment'

By Nissim Rejwan

THE concept of The Establishment cannot, in the nature of things, be considered either new or confined to one particular country; but it so happens that it was in Britain — and only a few years ago — that a major controversy on the subject was begun. In 1954 or thereabouts Henry Fairlie, who was then an angry and lively political commentator on the staff of the "Spectator," complained that England was in fact run by *The Establishment*. He did not succeed in giving a clear definition of this rather elusive concept, which he suggested was concerned less with the actual exercise of power than with "the established bodies of prevailing opinion which powerfully, and not always openly, influence its exercise." But further dissertations on the subject, by Mr. Fairlie as well as by other like-minded persons, helped to clarify some of the obscure points; it has been pointed out, for instance, that there is at one time in England a group of men known to each other and sometimes educated together, who though holding no formal power exercise considerable power and influence of the kind that is not open to direct public inspection. The names of the Bishop of Canterbury, the Editor of "The Times," and the Warden of All Souls, Oxford, are frequently mentioned in connection with this invisible and unorganized body.

★

EVERY country has its own Establishment, of course, and each gets the one it deserves. Until the onset of the present era of revolutions and military *coups d'etat*, however, the existence of The Establishment in the various Arab countries was taken so much for granted that no one seemed to be aware of anything out of the ordinary. In Iraq, The Establishment consisted, among others, of that restricted group of old-guard politicians who had accompanied Faisal I in his Syrian sojourn and subsequently came to Iraq to set up a monarchy and a national government, a few feudal Sheikhs and the Moslem religious dignitaries. The whole business of government was run on a parochial and strictly undemocratic basis; huge plots of *miri* land were distributed among themselves by those who happened to hold office at the time; important positions were allotted not on the basis of merit but according to family connections. This state of affairs appeared normal at the time and was accepted by the populace.

★

KASSEM'S revolution last year changed all this. The old politicians are all either dead or in prison or otherwise rendered thoroughly innocuous; feudal sheikhs are being dispossessed through the agrarian reform laws; and religious leaders are becoming fighters for peace and peaceful coexistence. Yet The Establishment seems still at work. It is a totally different body, to be sure, but it seems no less powerful than its predecessor, and its ways no less devious. Its composition is not difficult to discern: it seems to consist of Kassem's own close circle of friends and associates plus their own unobtrusive political mentors, largely to be found in the premises of the Baghdad daily, "Ittihad el-Sha'm," which also serve as headquarters of the Iraqi Communist Party. To these two groups may be aded a number of left-wing intellectuals in influential positions who, though strictly speaking, non-Communists, would rather see the Communists in power than have their country annexed to the United Arab Republic and/or come under military dictatorship; their idea of democracy is of the text-book variety.

★

KASSEM'S Establishment works quite simply. In the matter of forming and directing opinion, it concentrates its efforts on the Press, the Radio and the President of the People's Court — where it manages to impart an appearance of authority and of having the right to decide what is right and what is taboo. It is notable that, despite the many changes in the Communists' fortunes and the arrest of the Communist ex-Director of Baghdad Radio and Television, the Iraqi radio remained consistent in its pro-Soviet bias and in giving the news and comments the well-known Marxist turn. The Press, on the other hand, remains remarkably Communist-infiltrated, and as soon as a non-Communist newspaper dares make an appearance, two Communist-controlled papers are put out.

★

PERHAPS the main difference between Kassem's Establishment and those in more stable countries is that the former is more concerned with the actual and direct exercise of power. Last week, Colonel Mahdawi paid a visit to General Kassem in hospital and had a chat with him. As a result, Kassem ordered his Governor-General, a reputed anti-Communist, to stop investigations into the cases of four Communist judges accused of extracting evidence by means of torture, who were about to be remanded for trial. More significant, perhaps, is the case of those tried by court-martial for taking part in the Kirkuk massacres: although many of them were condemned to death, none of the sentences has so far been confirmed by Kasem.

Tel Aviv, December 1.

NATURE NOTES

A DUCK FESTIVAL

OUR ponds are now alive with ducks, coots and moorhens. Most of the ducks are teals (*Anas crecca — Sharshir*), the little dappled brown things, but there are mallards also (*Anas platyrhyncha — Brekhias*), large birds the female of which is also dappled brown and rather insignificant, while the drake is one of the most beautiful ducks, with his

shining green head, bright yellow bill, white collar between the green head and chestnut-red breast, and a fine blue and white speculum on the wings.

This year I have for the first time also seen pintails (*Anas acuta — Barvaz Hadhazinav*) on the ponds. These are also large and beautiful, feet and bill blue-grey, speculum on the wings orange and green, head chestnut, and easily identified, apart from the long thin feather sticking out of the tail and giving it its name, by a white streak continued from the white breast up to the nape on each side.

We have more than a dozen species of ducks here in winter, but it seems that so far only three are nesters: the mallard, mentioned above, about which several correspondents who saw families last year have written me; the Ferruginous duck (*Aythya nyroca — Tsolel habitzot*), a dark chestnut all over, identified by the white ring round the eye and white feathers under the tail; and the Marbled duck (*Anas angustirostris—Barvaz Tsad hamakor*), a small thing and mottled like the teal, differing from it mainly by the black streak over the eye.

P. A.

"DELEK" The Israel Fuel Corporation Ltd.

Notice is hereby given that an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Company will be held at the Offices of the Company at 6 Rehov Ahuzat Bayit, Tel Aviv, on Wednesday, December 23, 1959, at 12 noon, for the purpose of considering and, if thought fit, passing the following Resolution as a Special Resolution of the Company:—

"The registered Capital of the Company, presently the sum of IL5,235,000 (Five Million Two Hundred and Thirty Five Thousand Israel Pounds) divided into:
2,055,000 Class "A" Shares of IL1 each; and
20,550 Class "B" Shares of IL100 each; and
1,125,000 Class "C" Shares of IL1 each;
Be increased, and it is hereby increased to the sum of IL6,000,000 (Six Million Israel Pounds) by the creation of 765,000 new Class "C" Shares of IL1 each, and that subject to the terms of their issue the rights attaching to each such share shall be identical to the rights attaching to each existing Class "C" Share in the Company.
The new Shares to be created as above shall be issued in accordance with such terms and conditions as the Board of Directors of the Company may determine."

TEL AVIV, this 1st day of December, 1959.

Dov Tadmor,
Secretary of the Company

NOTES:
(a) Any member of the Company entitled to attend and vote at the Extraordinary General Meeting convened by the Notice set out above, is entitled to appoint a proxy to attend and vote in his stead. The proxy need not be a member of the Company.
(b) The attention of Holders of "C" Bearer Shares of IL1 each is directed to the fact that they will be entitled to attend the Meeting if they deposit at the office of the Company not less than 7 days before the aforementioned date a certificate from a Bank confirming that "C" Bearer Shares are deposited in their names with the Bank.

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